



Cambridge International AS & A Level

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FURTHER MATHEMATICS

9231/12

Paper 1 Further Pure Mathematics 1

October/November 2023

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

(b) Show that

$$\frac{1}{r^3} - \frac{1}{(r+1)^3} = \frac{3r^2 + 3r + 1}{r^3(r+1)^3}$$

and hence use the method of differences to find $\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{3r^2 + 3r + 1}{r^3(r+1)^3}$. [5]

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(c) Deduce the value of $\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{3r^2 + 3r + 1}{r^3(r+1)^3}$. [1]

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- 3 The matrix \mathbf{M} is given by $\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, where k is a constant and $k \neq 0$ and $k \neq 1$.
- (a) The matrix \mathbf{M} represents a sequence of two geometrical transformations. State the type of each transformation, and make clear the order in which they are applied. [2]

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The unit square in the $x-y$ plane is transformed by \mathbf{M} onto parallelogram $OPQR$.

- (b) Find, in terms of k , the area of parallelogram $OPQR$ and the matrix which transforms $OPQR$ onto the unit square. [3]

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- (c) Show that the line through the origin with gradient $\frac{1}{k-1}$ is invariant under the transformation in the $x-y$ plane represented by \mathbf{M} . [3]

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4 The cubic equation $27x^3 + 18x^2 + 6x - 1 = 0$ has roots α , β , γ .

(a) Show that a cubic equation with roots $3\alpha + 1$, $3\beta + 1$, $3\gamma + 1$ is

$$y^3 - y^2 + y - 2 = 0. \quad [3]$$

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The sum $(3\alpha + 1)^n + (3\beta + 1)^n + (3\gamma + 1)^n$ is denoted by S_n .

(b) Find the values of S_2 and S_3 . [4]

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(c) Find the values of S_{-1} and S_{-2} . [3]

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5 The plane Π_1 has equation $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k} + \lambda(\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}) + \mu(3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{k})$.

(a) Find an equation for Π_1 in the form $ax + by + cz = d$. [4]

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The line l , which does not lie in Π_1 , has equation $\mathbf{r} = -3\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{k} + t(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k})$.

(b) Show that l is parallel to Π_1 . [2]

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- (c) Find the distance between l and Π_1 . [3]

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- (d) The plane Π_2 has equation $3x + 3y + 2z = 1$.
 Find a vector equation of the line of intersection of Π_1 and Π_2 . [4]

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6 The curve C has polar equation $r = e^{-\theta} - e^{-\frac{1}{2}\pi}$, where $0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{1}{2}\pi$.

(a) Sketch C and state, in exact form, the greatest distance of a point on C from the pole. [3]

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(b) Find the exact value of the area of the region bounded by C and the initial line. [5]

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7 The curve C has equation $y = f(x)$, where $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x+1}$.

(a) Find the equations of the asymptotes of C . [3]

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(b) Find the coordinates of any stationary points on C . [2]

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(c) Sketch C .

[3]

(d) Find the coordinates of any stationary points on the curve with equation $y = \frac{1}{f(x)}$. [2]

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- (e) Sketch the curve with equation $y = \frac{1}{f(x)}$ and find, in exact form, the set of values for which $\frac{1}{f(x)} > f(x)$. [6]

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