



Cambridge International AS & A Level

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MATHEMATICS

9709/33

Paper 3 Pure Mathematics 3

October/November 2021

1 hour 50 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **20** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

2 (a) Sketch the graph of $y = |2x - 3|$.

[1]

(b) Solve the inequality $|2x - 3| < 3x + 2$.

[3]

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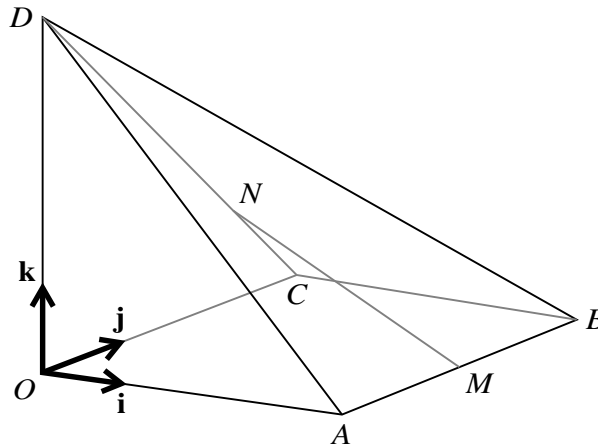
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In the diagram, $OABCD$ is a pyramid with vertex D . The horizontal base $OABC$ is a square of side 4 units. The edge OD is vertical and $OD = 4$ units. The unit vectors \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} are parallel to OA , OC and OD respectively.

The midpoint of AB is M and the point N on CD is such that $DN = 3NC$.

(a) Find a vector equation for the line through M and N . [5]

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9 Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{(9-x)\sqrt{x}}$.

(a) Find the x -coordinate of the stationary point of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$. [4]

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(b) Using the substitution $u = \sqrt{x}$, show that $\int_0^4 f(x) dx = \frac{1}{3} \ln 5$. [6]

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- 10** A large plantation of area 20 km^2 is becoming infected with a plant disease. At time t years the area infected is $x \text{ km}^2$ and the rate of increase of x is proportional to the ratio of the area infected to the area not yet infected.

When $t = 0, x = 1$ and $\frac{dx}{dt} = 1$.

- (a)** Show that x and t satisfy the differential equation

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{19x}{20 - x} \quad [2]$$

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- (b)** Solve the differential equation and show that when $t = 1$ the value of x satisfies the equation $x = e^{0.9+0.05x}$. [5]

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(c) Use an iterative formula based on the equation in part (b), with an initial value of 2, to determine x correct to 2 decimal places. Give the result of each iteration to 4 decimal places. [3]

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(d) Calculate the value of t at which the entire plantation becomes infected. [1]

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11 The complex number $-\sqrt{3} + i$ is denoted by u .

(a) Express u in the form $re^{i\theta}$, where $r > 0$ and $-\pi < \theta \leq \pi$, giving the exact values of r and θ . [2]

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(b) Hence show that u^6 is real and state its value. [2]

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- (c) (i) On a sketch of an Argand diagram, shade the region whose points represent complex numbers z satisfying the inequalities $0 \leq \arg(z - u) \leq \frac{1}{4}\pi$ and $\operatorname{Re} z \leq 2$. [4]

- (ii) Find the greatest value of $|z|$ for points in the shaded region. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. [2]

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