

Section A

Answer **one** question from this section.

- 1 (a) Study Fig. 1.1, which shows information about the world's population structure in 1950, 2015 and 2100 (estimated).

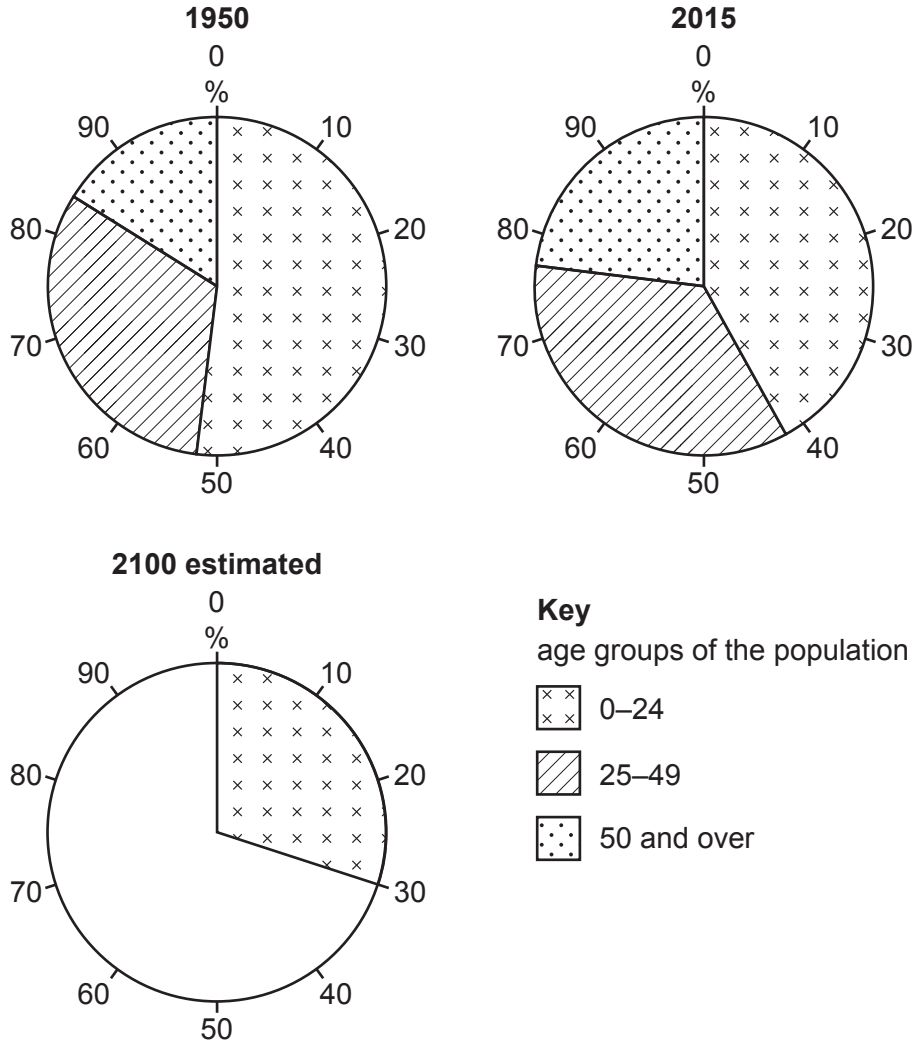


Fig. 1.1

- (i) What is meant by *population structure*?

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..... [1]

- (ii) Complete Fig. 1.1 using the following information about the estimated population in 2100. [2]

age group	percentage of total population
25–49 years	30
50 and over	40

- (iii) Using information from Fig. 1.1 **only**, describe the changes in the world’s population structure between **1950 and 2015**.

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- (iv) Suggest reasons for the changes in the percentage of the population aged between 0 and 24 years from 1950 to 2015.

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(b) Study Fig. 1.2, which is a population pyramid for Niger (an LEDC in Africa) in 2015.

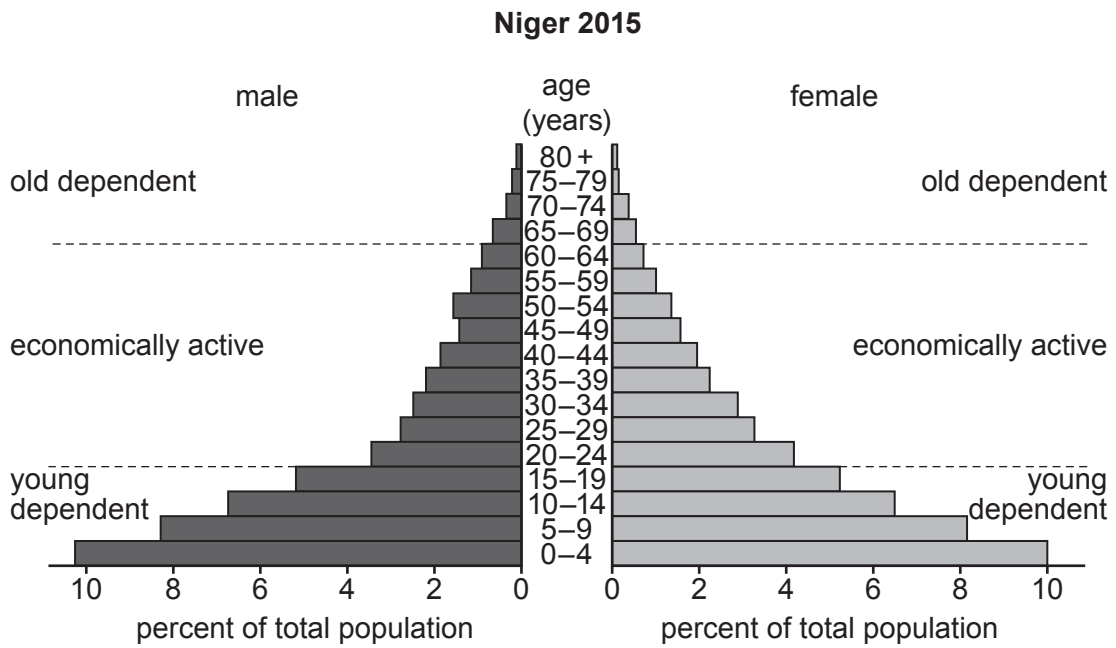


Fig. 1.2

(i) Describe **three** features of the population pyramid of Niger which are typical of an LEDC.

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- [3]

- 2 (a) Study Fig. 2.1, which shows information about internal migration to Mexico City, the capital of Mexico (an LEDC).

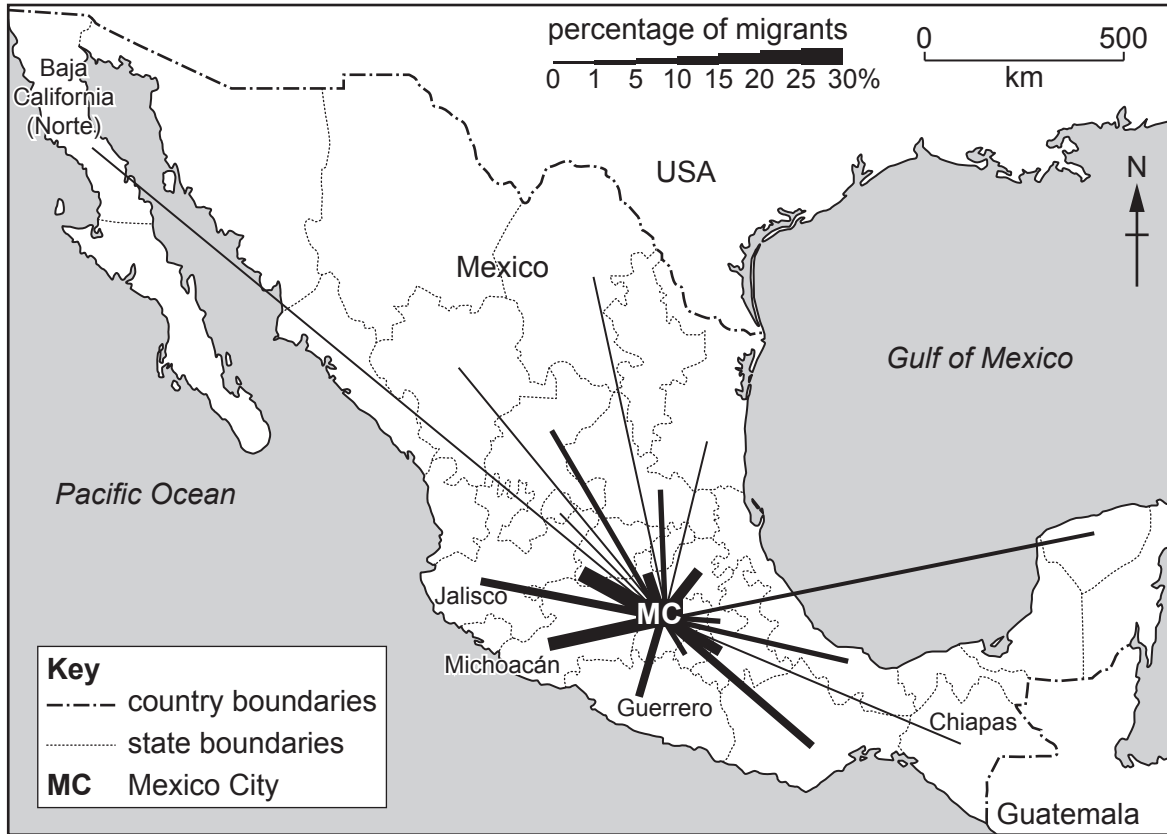


Fig. 2.1

- (i) What is meant by *internal migration*?

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 [1]

- (ii) Put the following three Mexican states in rank order according to the percentage of migrants to Mexico City. [2]

Chiapas	Jalisco	Michoacán
.....	largest	
.....	↑	
.....	↓	
	smallest	

(iii) Using evidence from Fig. 2.1 **only**, suggest why there is more migration to Mexico City from Guerrero than Baja California (Norte).

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(iv) Describe the problems caused **in rural areas** in LEDCs as a result of large amounts of people **migrating away from them**.

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(b) Study Fig. 2.2, which shows information about two squatter settlements in Mexico City.

name of squatter settlement	Chalma	Isidro Fabela
density: average space per person (m ²)	34	29
building materials used for walls	%	%
scrap materials	20	5
bricks or breeze blocks	80	95
building material used for roof	%	%
scrap materials	33	28
corrugated iron	52	23
concrete or tiles	15	49
water provision	%	%
public standpipe	87	2
tap in home	13	98
electricity provision	%	%
illegal connection	88	0
legal supply	12	100

Fig. 2.2

(i) Using Fig. 2.2 **only**, describe **three** differences between Chalma and Isidro Fabela. Do **not** use statistics in your answer.

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Section B

Answer **one** question from this section.

- 3 (a) Study Fig. 3.1, which is a sketch showing an area of coastline.

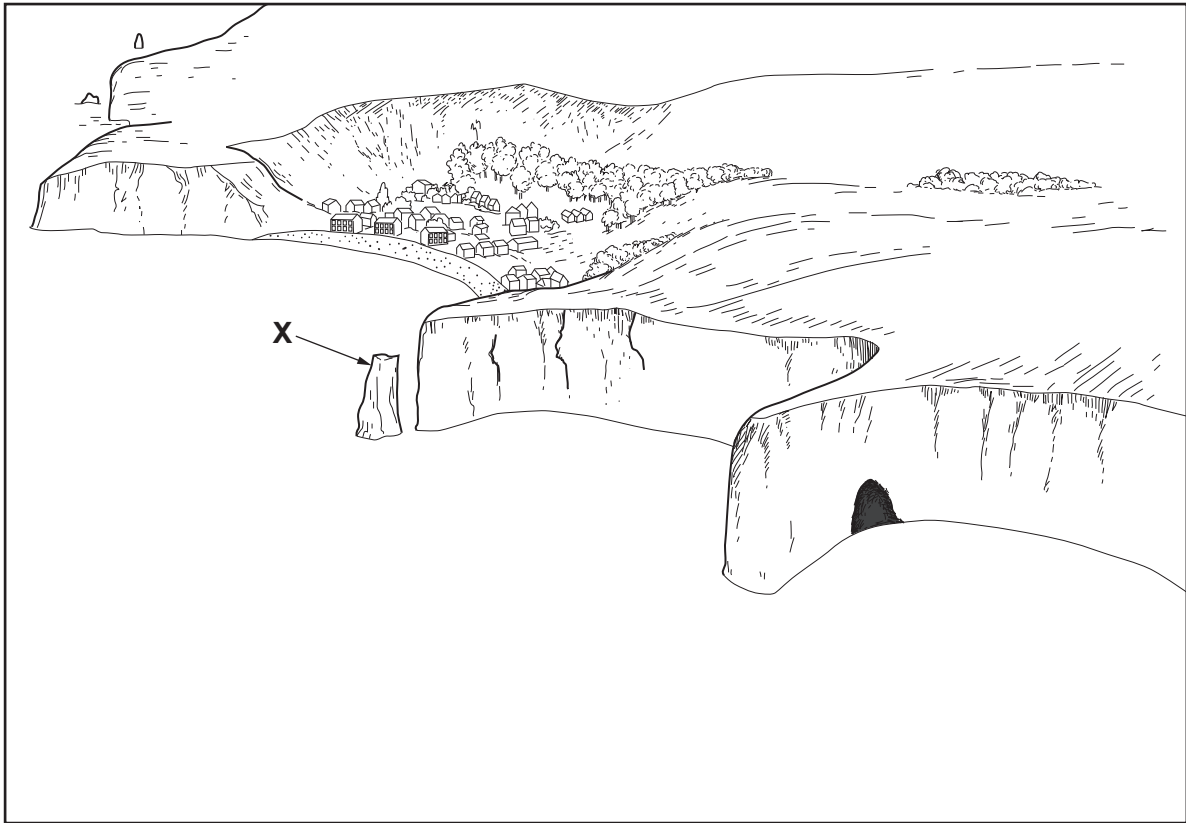


Fig. 3.1

- (i) Identify the feature labelled **X**.

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[1]

- (ii) Use labelled arrows to identify the following features in Fig. 3.1:

– cave

– beach.

[2]

(iii) Explain how the process of abrasion (corrasion) may have formed the cave you have labelled in Fig. 3.1.

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(iv) Suggest why bays and headlands have developed along the coast shown in Fig. 3.1.

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(b) Study Fig. 3.2 (Insert), which is a photograph of an area of coastline.

(i) Describe the benefits of living in a coastal area such as that shown in Fig. 3.2.

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4 (a) Study Fig. 4.1 (Insert), which is a photograph of a river near its source.

(i) What is meant by the *source* of a river?

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..... [1]

(ii) Describe **two** features shown in Fig. 4.1 which are typical of a river near its source.

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..... [2]

(iii) Explain how the river shown in Fig. 4.1 may have eroded its valley by hydraulic action.

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(iv) Explain how potholes may form along rivers such as the one shown in Fig. 4.1.

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(b) Study Fig. 4.2 (Insert), which is a photograph of Cairo and the River Nile, in Egypt (an LEDC).

(i) Suggest reasons why many large urban settlements, such as Cairo, have grown up close to rivers.

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(ii) Explain why living close to a river, such as the Nile, may be hazardous.

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(c) Explain how an oxbow lake is formed. You should include a labelled diagram or diagrams in the box below.

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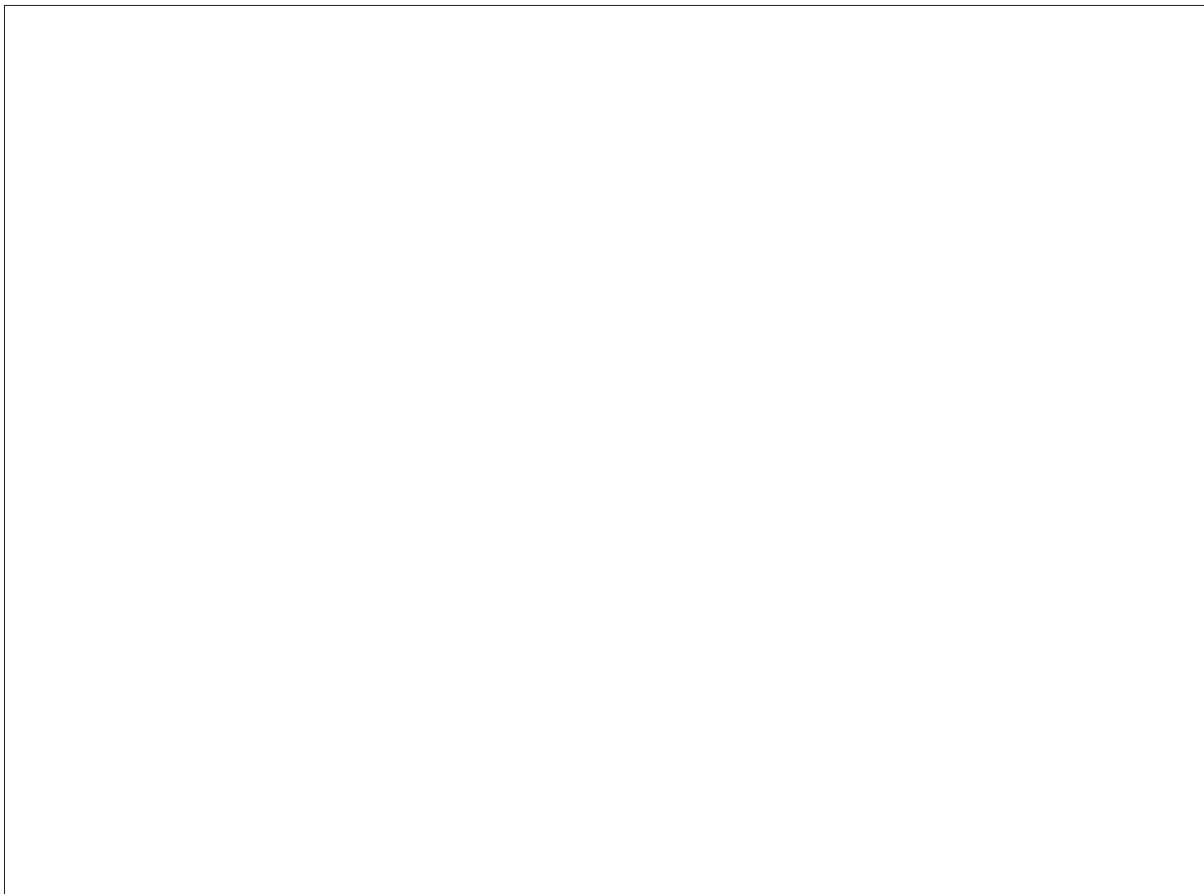
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[7]

[Total: 25]

Section C

Answer **one** question from this section.

- 5 (a) Study Fig. 5.1, which is a graph showing information about the use of water in different continents.

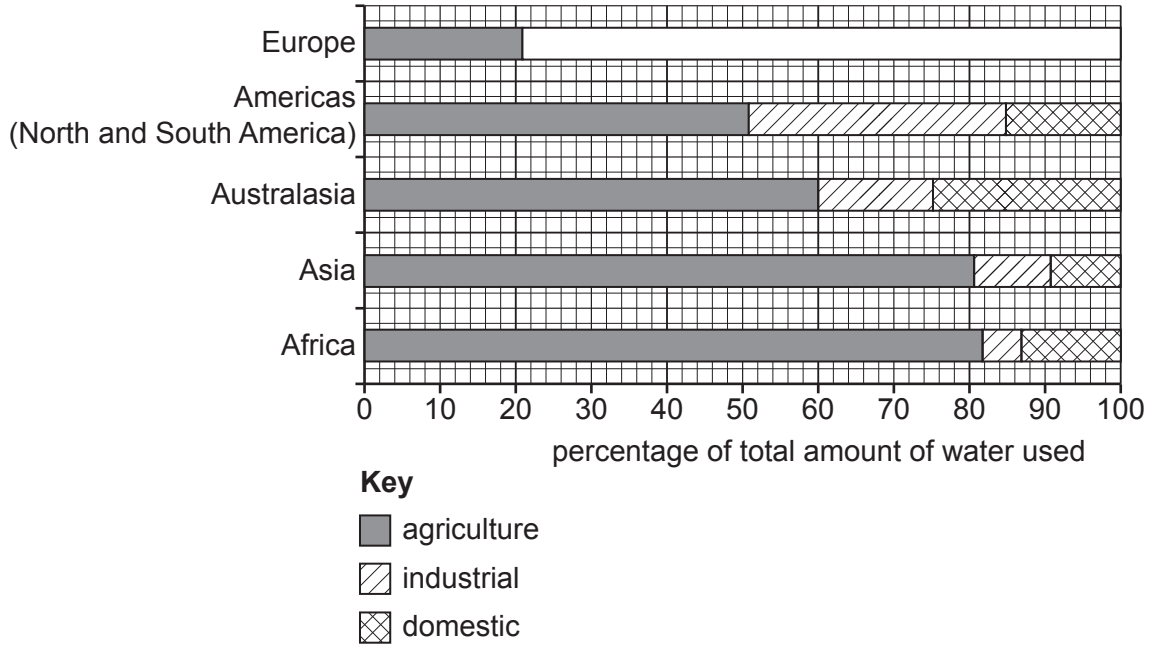


Fig. 5.1

- (i) What percentage of Africa's water is used in homes?

..... %

[1]

- (ii) Complete Fig. 5.1 using the following information about the use of water in Europe.

use	percentage of total water used
industrial	57
domestic	22

[2]

(iii) Compare the use of water in Asia and the Americas.

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(iv) Suggest reasons why most water in Africa is used for agriculture.

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(b) Study Fig. 5.2 (Insert), which is a map showing the planned Ilisu dam in Turkey.

(i) Describe **three** features of the reservoir which will be created by the Ilisu dam scheme.

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..... [3]

(ii) Suggest the advantages and disadvantages of the Ilisu dam scheme.

Advantages

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Disadvantages

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- 6 (a) Study Fig. 6.1, which is a graph showing the changes in employment in different sectors in South Africa (an MEDC) between 2008 and 2014.

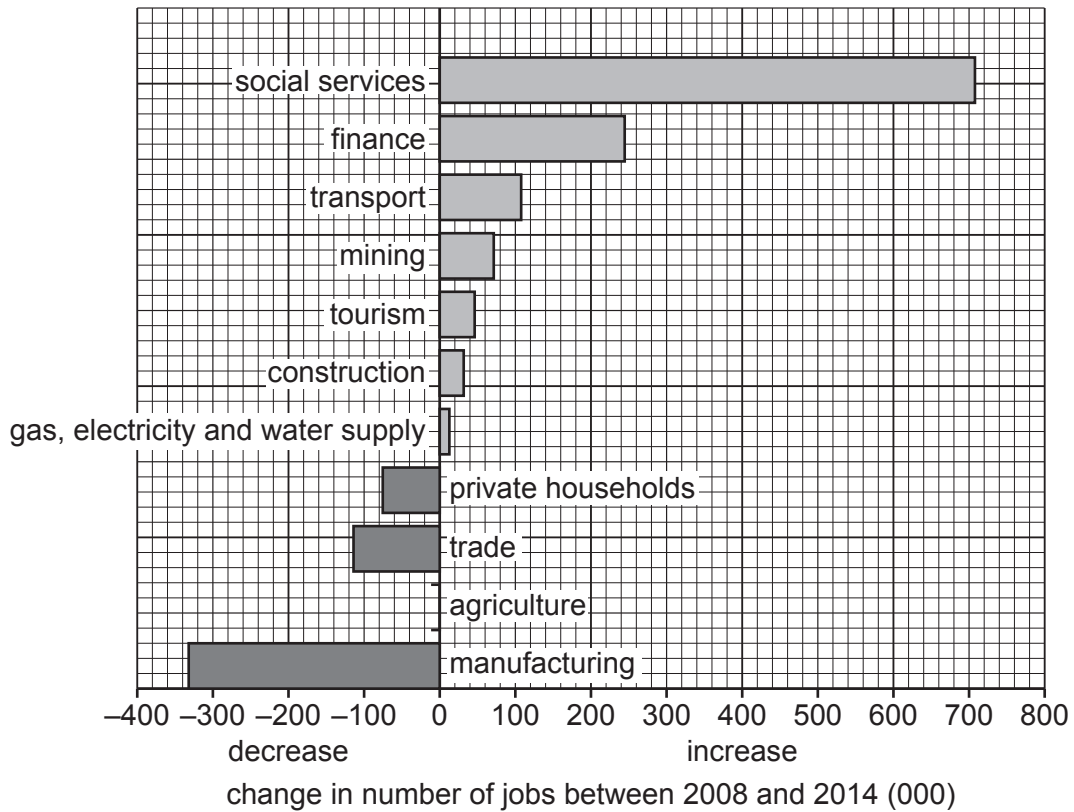


Fig. 6.1

- (i) Complete Fig. 6.1 by using the following information.

The number of jobs in agriculture decreased by 120 000.

[1]

- (ii) Compare the increase in jobs in finance and tourism between 2008 and 2014. Use statistics in your answer.

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..... [2]

(iii) Suggest **three** reasons for the decline in employment in manufacturing in South Africa.

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- 2
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- 3
- [3]

(iv) Explain why the tourist industry is important in many countries.

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(b) Study Fig. 6.2 (Insert), which is a photograph of part of Lanzarote, a Spanish island where tourism is important.

(i) Using Fig. 6.2 **only**, identify **three** natural attractions of Lanzarote for tourism.

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- 2
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- [3]

