



SPANISH

0530/42

Paper 4 Writing

October/November 2019

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 50

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

1 General Marking Principles**1.1 Crossing out:**

(a)	If a candidate changes his/her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the final attempt is correct.
(b)	If a candidate crosses out an answer <u>to a whole question</u> but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

1.2 For Questions 2 and 3, if the candidate has written an answer in the space provided for that purpose, you should ignore anything written anywhere else, unless:

(a)	there is an indication from the candidate that other material should be considered.
(b)	the candidate has continued their answer outside the space provided.
(c)	there is no answer in the space provided.

1.3 Annotation used in the Mark Scheme:

(a)	tc = 'tout court' and means that on its own the material is not sufficient to score the mark.
(b)	BOD = benefit of the doubt and is used to indicate that the Examiner has considered the answer/that part of the answer and judged it to be more correct than incorrect: the benefit of the doubt is given to the candidate and the mark is awarded.

1.4 No response and '0' marks

There is a NR (No Response) option in **RM Assessor**.

Award NR (No Response):

If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or

If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (e.g. 'can't do' or 'don't know') or

If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark).

Award 0:

If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the candidate copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whether crossed out or not.

1.5 Optional questions: You must mark all questions attempted by the candidate. Where a question has not been attempted then NR must be entered. (For Question 3 only, after marking the question(s) the candidate has answered, NR is populated automatically when you click on 'Complete'.) Where the candidate attempts more than one of the alternatives in Question 3, RM Assessor will automatically only aggregate the candidate's best result.

Question	Answer	Marks
Question 1	<p>Candidates are required to list 8 items in Spanish. Read all of the items that the candidate has listed and award marks as follows:</p> <p>(i) Select the most correct items up to a maximum of 5. Award 1 mark for each correct item up to a maximum of 5. Stop ticking once 5 items have been rewarded.</p> <p>(ii) On Question 1, award marks for items wherever the candidate has written them.</p> <p>(iii) If the candidate offers more than one word per line, award a mark for each acceptable item (e.g. where a candidate has linked two words as in <i>cepillo de dentífrica</i> = 1 tick; however <i>cepillo y dentífrica</i> (candidate intends this as two items) = 2 ticks).</p> <p>(iv) The pictures provided on the question paper are only suggestions.</p> <p>(v) Mark for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies, provided the message is clear. Ignore any definite / indefinite article, possessive adjective, etc. Ignore any verbs.</p> <p>(vi) If spelling is questionable, start by referring to the detailed mark scheme. Refer to the bullet points below if no decision on the spelling you have encountered is recorded there.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ‘If in doubt, sound it out’: if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like the correct answer? • Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer, e.g. one letter missing but no other word created. • If the first part of the word is correct, small errors in what comes next are less likely to impede communication (unless they suggest another meaning). • Where letters are transposed, the word is likely to communicate (unless another word has been created). <p>(vii) Once marking proper starts, if there are five clearly acceptable items, award marks wherever these are in the list. This approach may allow questionable versions to be ignored.</p> <p>(viii) Refuse all nouns which are repeated and which do not have a separate meaning:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>pantalones, pantalones cortos</i>: award one mark to each item • <i>pantalones pequeños, pantalones azules</i>: award one mark for the first <i>pantalones</i> <p>(ix) Reject misspelt words which suggest a word with a quite different meaning. Where nouns are usually plural, accept the singular and vice versa.</p>	

Question	Answer	Marks																																							
1	<p data-bbox="309 236 1370 268">Estás en tu dormitorio. Haz una lista en español de 8 cosas que puedes ver.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="517 304 1697 1283"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="517 304 911 368">ACCEPT</th> <th data-bbox="911 304 1305 368">ACCEPT</th> <th data-bbox="1305 304 1697 368">REFUSE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 368 911 440">alfombra</td> <td data-bbox="911 368 1305 440">reloj</td> <td data-bbox="1305 368 1697 440">lámpara</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 440 911 512">armario</td> <td data-bbox="911 440 1305 512">revista</td> <td data-bbox="1305 440 1697 512"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 512 911 608">cama</td> <td data-bbox="911 512 1305 608">ropa</td> <td data-bbox="1305 512 1697 608">Only 1 item of food or drink</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 608 911 743">espejo</td> <td data-bbox="911 608 1305 743">silla</td> <td data-bbox="1305 608 1697 743">People? – Only one sibling that may share a bedroom</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 743 911 815">libro</td> <td data-bbox="911 743 1305 815">televisión</td> <td data-bbox="1305 743 1697 815"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 815 911 887">manta</td> <td data-bbox="911 815 1305 887">ventana</td> <td data-bbox="1305 815 1697 887"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 887 911 951">mesa</td> <td data-bbox="911 887 1305 951">tapiz/tapis (sic.)</td> <td data-bbox="1305 887 1697 951"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 951 911 1015">ordenador</td> <td data-bbox="911 951 1305 1015">carpeta</td> <td data-bbox="1305 951 1697 1015"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 1015 911 1078">planta</td> <td data-bbox="911 1015 1305 1078"></td> <td data-bbox="1305 1015 1697 1078"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 1078 911 1142">póster</td> <td data-bbox="911 1078 1305 1142"></td> <td data-bbox="1305 1078 1697 1142"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 1142 911 1214">puerta</td> <td data-bbox="911 1142 1305 1214"></td> <td data-bbox="1305 1142 1697 1214"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="517 1214 911 1283">radio</td> <td data-bbox="911 1214 1305 1283"></td> <td data-bbox="1305 1214 1697 1283"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="1496 1318 1910 1350" style="text-align: right;">Total for Question 1: 5 marks</p>	ACCEPT	ACCEPT	REFUSE	alfombra	reloj	lámpara	armario	revista		cama	ropa	Only 1 item of food or drink	espejo	silla	People? – Only one sibling that may share a bedroom	libro	televisión		manta	ventana		mesa	tapiz/tapis (sic.)		ordenador	carpeta		planta			póster			puerta			radio			5
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Question	Answer	Marks
Question 2	<p>Candidates are required to answer the question. Read the whole answer and award marks as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Communication: award a mark out of 10, according to the instructions in 2.1.• Language: award a mark out of 5, according to the instructions in 2.2.	

Question	Answer	Marks
2	<p><u>2.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication</u></p> <p>(i) Place the appropriate ‘numbered’ tick as close as possible to each relevant communication point in the body of the answer.</p> <p>(ii) Award ticks flexibly across the tasks for each piece of relevant information conveyed, up to a maximum of 10. HOWEVER, each of the tasks must be covered to get the 10 communication marks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>If 1 of the tasks is missing</u>, the maximum communication mark is 9. • <u>If 2 of the tasks are missing</u>, the maximum communication mark is 8 (and so on). <p>(iii) Add up the ticks to give a mark out of 10 for Communication.</p> <p>(iv) For COMMUNICATION</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Look for a verb (finite or infinitive) before awarding a mark. Lists without a verb will not score. • See Appendix II for rules on how to decide whether a verb is accurate enough to convey meaning. • For language other than verbs, use ‘rules’ in Question 1: look alike, sound alike, etc. • Misplaced adjectives, negatives and adverbs will not usually compromise communication. <p>(v) <u>LISTS</u> = a maximum of 3 marks for communication: lists of 1–3 items = 1 mark; lists of 4 items = 2 marks; lists of 5–6 items = 3 marks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Ella es alta y delgada y grande y nerviosa.</i> (1 verb, therefore treat as list of 4 items: place one tick over ‘grande’ (third item in list) and another tick over ‘nerviosa’ (fourth item in list)) • <i>Ella es alta. Es delgada. Tiene el pelo moreno.</i> (3 verbs therefore each piece of information can score a separate communication mark) <p>(vi) Only reward each piece of information once, e.g. <i>es fantástica</i> cannot score both as description and reason for liking; <i>es fantástica y sus clases son fantásticas</i> can both be rewarded as <i>fantástica(s)</i> describes different nouns; <i>ella me ayuda a hacer mis deberes</i> and <i>me ayuda todos los días</i> can both be rewarded as they each contain a different extra detail (<i>a hacer mis deberes</i> and <i>todos los días</i>).</p> <p>(vii) Do not penalise factual errors.</p> <p>(viii) What the candidate writes may not follow the order of the tasks on the question paper – this is fine.</p>	15

Question	Answer		Marks
2	<i>Mi colegio</i>		
	Tick	Accept	
	✓1	Describe tu colegio. REWARD: any statement relating to school	
	✓2	¿Por qué (no) te gusta tu colegio? REWARD: any statement relating to why the candidate does or does not like school	
	✓3	¿Cuál es tu asignatura preferida? Explica por qué. REWARD: any statement relating to the candidate's favourite subject REWARD: any statement explaining why the subject is the candidate's favourite	
✓4	¿Qué vas a hacer esta tarde después del colegio? REWARD: any statement relating to the activities that the candidate does after school		

Question	Answer	Marks												
2	<p><u>2.2: Award a mark out of 5 for Language</u></p> <p>Award a mark out of 5 for Language*, according to the Grade descriptors in the table below (see <i>Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors</i> (last page of mark scheme)).</p> <p>Grade descriptors for Language (Question 2)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="331 472 1953 1102"> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 472 407 639">5</td> <td data-bbox="416 472 1953 639">Straightforward vocabulary and structure. The style of writing is basic, but reasonably coherent. Use of a limited range of verbs, generally successful. More accuracy than inaccuracy.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 646 407 772">4</td> <td data-bbox="416 646 1953 772">Basic vocabulary and structure. Some awareness of verb usage, but inconsistent. The writing is sufficiently accurate for meaning to be conveyed.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 778 407 904">3</td> <td data-bbox="416 778 1953 904">Very basic vocabulary and structure. Little awareness of verb usage (e.g. infinitives regularly used instead of finite verbs). Despite regular errors, the writing often conveys some meaning.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 911 407 973">2</td> <td data-bbox="416 911 1953 973">A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 979 407 1042">1</td> <td data-bbox="416 979 1953 1042">Disjointed words or short phrases, one or two of them accurate enough to be comprehensible.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 1048 407 1102">0</td> <td data-bbox="416 1048 1953 1102">One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*Consider the whole answer when awarding mark for language</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Total for Communication: 10 marks Total for Language: 5 marks Total for Question 2: 15 marks</p>	5	Straightforward vocabulary and structure. The style of writing is basic, but reasonably coherent. Use of a limited range of verbs, generally successful. More accuracy than inaccuracy.	4	Basic vocabulary and structure. Some awareness of verb usage, but inconsistent. The writing is sufficiently accurate for meaning to be conveyed.	3	Very basic vocabulary and structure. Little awareness of verb usage (e.g. infinitives regularly used instead of finite verbs). Despite regular errors, the writing often conveys some meaning.	2	A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure.	1	Disjointed words or short phrases, one or two of them accurate enough to be comprehensible.	0	One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.	
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0	One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.													

Question	Answer	Marks						
<p>Question 3</p> <p>Candidates answer 1 question from a choice of 3. Read the whole answer and award marks as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication: award a mark out of 10, according to the instructions in 3.1. • Language: award a mark out of 8 for Verbs, according to the instructions in 3.2. award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features, according to the instructions in 3.3. <p>For question-specific guidance, see later in this mark scheme.</p> <p><u>3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication</u></p> <p>(i) There are 5 relevant communication points per question, each worth a maximum of 2 marks.</p> <p>(ii) For each relevant communication point, use the appropriate numbered tick and place up to 2 of these ticks as close as possible to each relevant communication point (in the body of the answer).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="219 815 2018 1011"> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="219 815 374 879">2 ticks</td> <td data-bbox="374 815 2018 879">Message clearly communicated. Minor errors (adjective endings, use of prepositions etc.) are tolerated.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="219 879 374 943">1 tick</td> <td data-bbox="374 879 2018 943">Communication of some meaning is achieved, but the message may be ambiguous or incomplete.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="219 943 374 1011">0 ticks</td> <td data-bbox="374 943 2018 1011">Nothing of worth communicated.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(iii) Look for a verb (finite or infinitive) before awarding a mark for communication. See Appendix II for rules on how to decide whether a verb is accurate enough to convey meaning.</p> <p>(iv) Add up the ticks to give a mark out of 10 for Communication.</p>			2 ticks	Message clearly communicated. Minor errors (adjective endings, use of prepositions etc.) are tolerated.	1 tick	Communication of some meaning is achieved, but the message may be ambiguous or incomplete.	0 ticks	Nothing of worth communicated.
2 ticks	Message clearly communicated. Minor errors (adjective endings, use of prepositions etc.) are tolerated.							
1 tick	Communication of some meaning is achieved, but the message may be ambiguous or incomplete.							
0 ticks	Nothing of worth communicated.							

Question	Answer	Marks																				
<p><u>3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs</u></p>																						
<p>When awarding ticks for Verbs, please refer back to the question in order to establish which tense is appropriate for the response. For question-specific guidance, see later in this mark scheme.</p>																						
<p>(i) Place a tick above the first occurrence of each correct verb, up to a maximum of 18 ticks (details of how to award ticks are provided below). (ii) Place the tick so that it does not obscure the accent/tilde. (iii) Convert the total number of ticks to a mark out of 8 using the Conversion table below.</p>																						
<p style="text-align: center;">Conversion table for accurate use of Verbs (Question 3)</p>																						
<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="790 608 1167 675">Number of ticks</th> <th data-bbox="1167 608 1447 675">Mark</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="790 675 1167 742">18+</td> <td data-bbox="1167 675 1447 742">8</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="790 742 1167 809">16,17</td> <td data-bbox="1167 742 1447 809">7</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="790 809 1167 876">14,15</td> <td data-bbox="1167 809 1447 876">6</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="790 876 1167 943">12,13</td> <td data-bbox="1167 876 1447 943">5</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="790 943 1167 1010">10,11</td> <td data-bbox="1167 943 1447 1010">4</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="790 1010 1167 1077">8,9</td> <td data-bbox="1167 1010 1447 1077">3</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="790 1077 1167 1144">6,7</td> <td data-bbox="1167 1077 1447 1144">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="790 1144 1167 1211">4,5</td> <td data-bbox="1167 1144 1447 1211">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="790 1211 1167 1262">0,1,2,3</td> <td data-bbox="1167 1211 1447 1262">0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Number of ticks	Mark	18+	8	16,17	7	14,15	6	12,13	5	10,11	4	8,9	3	6,7	2	4,5	1	0,1,2,3	0
Number of ticks	Mark																					
18+	8																					
16,17	7																					
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12,13	5																					
10,11	4																					
8,9	3																					
6,7	2																					
4,5	1																					
0,1,2,3	0																					

Question	Answer		Marks
How to award ticks for accurate use of Verbs (Question 3):			
<p>(a) Subject (noun or pronoun) + any finite verb</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • both subject and verb must be correct for the verb to score a tick • verb must be in the appropriate tense to score a tick • accents on verbs must be correct in order for a tick to be awarded • do not tick verbs contained in the 'letter etiquette': appropriate beginnings and endings to letters are considered for reward under Other linguistic features. 			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Yo soy (✓)			
He hecho (✓)			
Los profesores son (✓) amables	Los professores son amables (no tick)	incorrect subject means tick cannot be awarded for verb	
Use of gerund			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Estoy escribiendo (✓)		Continuous forms of <i>estar</i> and gerund are awarded 1 tick	
Llevo (✓) dos años estudiando (✓)		Use of gerund other than in continuous form of verb using <i>estar</i> = 2 ticks	
With direct and indirect object pronouns			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Juan lo vio (✓)			

Question	Answer		Marks
Reflexive/passive			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Él se levanta (✓)	Él levántase (<i>no tick</i>)		
Ella se ha cortado (✓)			
La puerta estaba (✓) abierta			
Yo me lavo (✓) las manos	Yo me lavo (<i>no tick</i>) el coche	<i>lavar</i> should not be used reflexively in this statement	
Impersonal verbs such as <i>gustar, quedar, faltar</i>, etc.			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Me gusta (✓) leer (✓)			
Me gusto (<i>no tick</i>) leer (✓)			
Me quedan (✓) diez euros			
Impersonal se			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Se puede (✓)			
Se habla español (✓)			

Impersonal		
Hay (✓) patatas		
Es (✓) interesante		
With negative		
Tick	No tick	Note
No comen (✓)		
Sequence of tenses		
Tick	No tick	Note
Fui (✓) al cine y me gustó (✓) la película	Fui (✓) al cine y me gustaría (no tick) la película	If sequence is incorrect, both verbs cannot be rewarded
Single auxiliary with multiple past participles		
Sing		
Tick	No tick	Note
Hemos cantado (✓) y bailado (✓)		Hemos cantado = tick 1; Hemos bailado = tick 2
Verb which requires preposition		
Tick	No tick	Note
Ayudo (✓) a lavar (✓) el coche		
Ayudo (✓) lavar el coche		preposition is required for <i>lavar</i> to be awarded a tick
Ayudo (✓) con lavar el coche		incorrect use of <i>con</i> means that <i>lavar</i> cannot receive a tick

Question	Answer		Marks
Verb which requires personal a			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Veo (✓) a mi amigo	Veo (<i>no tick</i>) mi amigo	personal a is required for veo to be awarded a tick	
Correct verb within meaningless statement			
Tick	No tick	Note	
El camino es (✓) largo	El camino es (<i>no tick</i>) inteligente	Do not reward correct verb in a meaningless statement	
(b) Imperative			
Tick	No tick	Note	
¡Ven! (✓)			
¡Oiga! (✓)			
(c) Interrogative			
Tick	No tick	Note	
¿Vienes? (✓) / Vienes. (✓)		question mark not required for mark to be awarded	
(¿)Vas (✓) a venir(?) (✓)			
(¿)Cómo estás(?) (✓)			

Question	Answer		Marks
(d) Infinitive			
	Tick	No tick	Note
	Quiero (✓) salir (✓)		
	No quiera (<i>no tick</i>) salir (✓)		
	Quiero (✓) salire (<i>no tick</i>)		
	Voy a (✓) estudiar (✓)		
	Empecé a (✓) llorar (✓)		
	Empecé (<i>no tick</i>) llorar (✓)		
(e) Participle (past or present)			
	Tick	No tick	Note
	Terminado el programa (✓)		
	Siendo estudiante (✓)		
(f) Reward only the first occurrence of a verb, e.g.			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Me gusta (✓) la natación. También me gusta (<i>no tick</i>) el tenis 		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Me gusta (✓) la natación. No me gusta (<i>no tick</i>) el tenis 		
	However,		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Yo prefiero (✓) la natación y mi hermano prefiere (✓) el tenis – 2 different persons of the verb 		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mi hermano prefiere (✓) la natación y mi hermana prefiere (<i>no tick</i>) el tenis – both third person usage 		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Esta tarde mi amigo puede (✓) jugar (✓) al fútbol. En mi ciudad se puede (<i>no tick</i>) nadar (✓) – puede is in the third person singular in both sentences, so scores the first time but not the second time 		

Question	Answer	Marks
<u>3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features</u>		
(i)	Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features, according to the Grade descriptors in the table below (please see Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors (Appendix I)).	
(ii)	Use the highlighter marking tool to highlight the first new use of any correct usage. Use the highlighter marking tool to underline a creditable attempt at a structure. This annotation is intended to help you arrive at an appropriate mark. Therefore, the kinds of things you highlight/underline will vary according to the quality of work, e.g. for a mark of 7/8 to be awarded the assumption is that ‘spelling of common words, genders, adjectival agreements and basic prepositions are almost always correct’ so annotation will focus on the degree of success with more complex language.	
(iii)	Consider the extent to which the following are used correctly and appropriately when assessing the candidate’s control of structures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subordinate clauses, including porque and que (relative pronouns). Indirect or reported speech (dijo que, creo que). Time clauses with cuando, mientras que etc. and si (= if) • Object pronouns (me ha dicho; me lo dio) and ‘strong’ pronouns • Conjunctions other than y and linking words (e.g. sin embargo, por lo tanto, por eso) • Prepositions – Time, Place etc. • Negatives • Adverbs • Use of por and para • Adjectives, including possessives and demonstratives. Also comparatives and superlatives • Expressions of quantity • Appropriate use of <i>politesse</i>s in the letter. 	

Question	Answer	Marks
Grade descriptors for Other linguistic features (Question 3)		
11–12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses a wide range of structures effectively; produces longer, fluent sentences with ease. • Highly accurate at this level, though not necessarily faultless. • Makes effective use of a wide range of vocabulary fully appropriate to the task. 	
9–10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempts a range of structures with a good degree of success. • More complex language usually error-free^{^^}. • Uses a variety of relevant vocabulary at this level. 	
7–8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In control of simple structures. Varied success with more complex structures. • Accuracy is fairly consistent throughout*. Errors may occur when more ambitious language is attempted. • Has sufficient vocabulary to add some interest to the writing. 	
5–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempts more than basic structures. • On balance, the work is more accurate than inaccurate. • Straightforward vocabulary relevant to the task. 	
3–4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reliant on basic structures. • Some examples of correct language. Meaning usually conveyed. • Basic vocabulary. 	
1–2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure. 	
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable. 	
<p data-bbox="138 1169 1733 1201">^{^^}subordinate clauses, linking words, object pronouns, comparative adjectives/adverbs, strong negatives usually error free.</p> <p data-bbox="138 1204 1563 1236">*spelling of common words, genders, adjectival agreements and basic prepositions are almost always correct.</p> <p data-bbox="1487 1240 2101 1369" style="text-align: right;"> Total for Communication: 10 marks Total for Verbs: 8 marks Total for Other linguistic features: 12 marks Total for Question 3: 30 marks </p>		

Question	Answer	Marks																		
3(a)	<p data-bbox="304 236 1346 268"><i>Mudarse de casa. Escribe un e-mail a tu amigo/amiga sobre tu casa nueva.</i></p> <p data-bbox="304 304 1384 336"><u>3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication – see generic guidance above</u></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="304 368 1980 1120"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="304 368 412 432">Tick</th> <th data-bbox="421 368 1850 432">Accept</th> <th data-bbox="1859 368 1980 432">Mark</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 438 412 568">✓1</td> <td data-bbox="421 438 1850 568"> <p data-bbox="430 453 853 485">¿Cuándo te mudaste de casa?</p> <p data-bbox="430 521 1066 553">Mention of when the candidate moved house</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1859 438 1980 568">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 574 412 703">✓2</td> <td data-bbox="421 574 1850 703"> <p data-bbox="430 588 1048 620">Describe la urbanización donde vives ahora.</p> <p data-bbox="430 657 1189 689">Description of the area where the candidate lives now</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1859 574 1980 703">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 710 412 839">✓3</td> <td data-bbox="421 710 1850 839"> <p data-bbox="430 724 826 756">¿Cómo era tu casa anterior?</p> <p data-bbox="430 793 1072 825">Description of the candidate's previous house</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1859 710 1980 839">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 845 412 975">✓4</td> <td data-bbox="421 845 1850 975"> <p data-bbox="430 860 1077 892">¿Por qué tuvo que cambiar de casa tu familia?</p> <p data-bbox="430 928 1294 960">Explanation of why the candidate's family had to move house</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1859 845 1980 975">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 981 412 1110">✓5</td> <td data-bbox="421 981 1850 1110"> <p data-bbox="430 995 1039 1027">¿Cuáles son las ventajas de tu casa nueva?</p> <p data-bbox="430 1064 1274 1096">Description of the advantages of the candidate's new house</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1859 981 1980 1110">2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tick	Accept	Mark	✓1	<p data-bbox="430 453 853 485">¿Cuándo te mudaste de casa?</p> <p data-bbox="430 521 1066 553">Mention of when the candidate moved house</p>	2	✓2	<p data-bbox="430 588 1048 620">Describe la urbanización donde vives ahora.</p> <p data-bbox="430 657 1189 689">Description of the area where the candidate lives now</p>	2	✓3	<p data-bbox="430 724 826 756">¿Cómo era tu casa anterior?</p> <p data-bbox="430 793 1072 825">Description of the candidate's previous house</p>	2	✓4	<p data-bbox="430 860 1077 892">¿Por qué tuvo que cambiar de casa tu familia?</p> <p data-bbox="430 928 1294 960">Explanation of why the candidate's family had to move house</p>	2	✓5	<p data-bbox="430 995 1039 1027">¿Cuáles son las ventajas de tu casa nueva?</p> <p data-bbox="430 1064 1274 1096">Description of the advantages of the candidate's new house</p>	2	30
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Question	Answer		Marks
3(a)	Communication point	For Verbs, accept:	
	1	Preterite	
	2	Present	
	3	Imperfect/Present	
	4	Present/Preterite/Imperfect	
	5	Present	
	<u>3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs – see generic guidance above</u>		
<u>3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features – see generic guidance above</u>			

Question	Answer	Marks																		
3(b)	<p><i>Las grandes ciudades. Escribe un artículo sobre este tema.</i> 3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication – see generic guidance above</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="304 336 1977 1102"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="304 336 412 400">Tick</th> <th data-bbox="418 336 1850 400">Accept</th> <th data-bbox="1856 336 1977 400">Mark</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 405 412 536">✓1</td> <td data-bbox="418 405 1850 536"> Describe la última vez que visitaste una ciudad grande. Description of the last time that the candidate visited a big city </td> <td data-bbox="1856 405 1977 536">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 541 412 671">✓2</td> <td data-bbox="418 541 1850 671"> ¿Qué medios de transporte usaste para viajar por la ciudad? Description of the means of transport that the candidate used to get around the city </td> <td data-bbox="1856 541 1977 671">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 676 412 807">✓3</td> <td data-bbox="418 676 1850 807"> Durante el año, ¿pasas la mayoría del tiempo en un pueblo o en una ciudad? Mention of where the candidate spends the majority of his/her time </td> <td data-bbox="1856 676 1977 807">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 812 412 970">✓4</td> <td data-bbox="418 812 1850 970"> ¿Los jóvenes deben conocer la ciudad capital de su país? Explica por qué (no). Explanation of whether or not young people should get to know the capital city of their country Marks to be awarded for the explanation </td> <td data-bbox="1856 812 1977 970">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 975 412 1102">✓5</td> <td data-bbox="418 975 1850 1102"> En tu opinión, ¿qué es lo bueno o lo malo de vivir en una ciudad grande? Candidate's opinion on the advantages or disadvantages of living in a big city </td> <td data-bbox="1856 975 1977 1102">2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tick	Accept	Mark	✓1	Describe la última vez que visitaste una ciudad grande. Description of the last time that the candidate visited a big city	2	✓2	¿Qué medios de transporte usaste para viajar por la ciudad? Description of the means of transport that the candidate used to get around the city	2	✓3	Durante el año, ¿pasas la mayoría del tiempo en un pueblo o en una ciudad? Mention of where the candidate spends the majority of his/her time	2	✓4	¿Los jóvenes deben conocer la ciudad capital de su país? Explica por qué (no). Explanation of whether or not young people should get to know the capital city of their country Marks to be awarded for the explanation	2	✓5	En tu opinión, ¿qué es lo bueno o lo malo de vivir en una ciudad grande? Candidate's opinion on the advantages or disadvantages of living in a big city	2	30
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Question	Answer		Marks
3(b)	Communication point	For Verbs, accept:	
	1	Preterite/Imperfect/Perfect	
	2	Preterite/Imperfect	
	3	Present	
	4	Present	
	5	Present	
	<u>3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs – see generic guidance above</u>		
<u>3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features – see generic guidance above</u>			

Question	Answer	Marks																		
3(c)	<p><i>‘La semana pasada conocí a un/a deportista famoso/a. ¡Mi opinión de él/ella ha cambiado completamente!’</i></p> <p><u>3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication – see generic guidance above</u></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="304 368 1980 1101"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="304 368 412 432">Tick</th> <th data-bbox="421 368 1850 432">Accept</th> <th data-bbox="1859 368 1980 432">Mark</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 438 412 566">✓1</td> <td data-bbox="421 438 1850 566"> Describe el encuentro con el/la deportista. (¿dónde? ¿cuándo?) Description of the meeting with the sportsperson </td> <td data-bbox="1859 438 1980 566">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 572 412 700">✓2</td> <td data-bbox="421 572 1850 700"> ¿Qué estaba haciendo el/la deportista? Description of what the sportsperson was doing </td> <td data-bbox="1859 572 1980 700">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 707 412 834">✓3</td> <td data-bbox="421 707 1850 834"> ¿Cómo te sentiste al hablar con él/ella? Description of how the candidate felt upon speaking with the sportsperson </td> <td data-bbox="1859 707 1980 834">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 841 412 968">✓4</td> <td data-bbox="421 841 1850 968"> ¿Por qué cambió tu opinión del/de la deportista? Candidate’s reason for why his/her opinion of the sportsperson has changed </td> <td data-bbox="1859 841 1980 968">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="304 975 412 1102">✓5</td> <td data-bbox="421 975 1850 1102"> ¿Cuándo volverás a ver al/a la deportista? Mention of when the candidate will see the sportsperson again </td> <td data-bbox="1859 975 1980 1102">2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tick	Accept	Mark	✓1	Describe el encuentro con el/la deportista. (¿dónde? ¿cuándo?) Description of the meeting with the sportsperson	2	✓2	¿Qué estaba haciendo el/la deportista? Description of what the sportsperson was doing	2	✓3	¿Cómo te sentiste al hablar con él/ella? Description of how the candidate felt upon speaking with the sportsperson	2	✓4	¿Por qué cambió tu opinión del/de la deportista? Candidate’s reason for why his/her opinion of the sportsperson has changed	2	✓5	¿Cuándo volverás a ver al/a la deportista? Mention of when the candidate will see the sportsperson again	2	30
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Question	Answer		Marks
3(c)	Communication point	For Verbs, accept:	
	1	Preterite/Imperfect	
	2	Imperfect	
	3	Preterite/Imperfect	
	4	Preterite	
	5	Future/Conditional	
	<u>3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs – see generic guidance above</u>		
<u>3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features – see generic guidance above</u>			

Appendix I**Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors**

It is important that you award marks positively. In order to ensure that you reward achievement rather than penalise failure or omissions, you should start at the bottom of the mark scheme and work upwards through the descriptors when awarding marks.

You should adopt a ‘best fit’ approach. You must select the set of descriptors provided in the mark scheme that most closely describes the quality of the work being marked. As you work upwards through the mark scheme, you will eventually arrive at a set of descriptors that fits the candidate’s performance. When you reach this point, you should always then check the descriptors in the band above to confirm whether or not there is just enough evidence to award a mark in the higher band.

For example, when marking **Question 3** you may find that a candidate uses a variety of relevant vocabulary but has varied success with more complex structures. In such cases, you will need to award a mark that takes into account both the strengths and weaknesses of the piece of work.

To select the most appropriate mark within each set of descriptors, use the following guidance:

- If most of the descriptors fit the piece (and after you have considered the band above), award the top mark in the band.
- If there is just enough evidence (and you had perhaps been considering the band below), award the lowest mark in the band.

Note on irrelevant material in Question 3

In the case of an answer which is completely irrelevant to the chosen question (**3(a)** or **3(b)** or **3(c)**), a mark of 0 is given for Communication and for Language.

In cases where the chosen question was clearly attempted but communication of the set tasks was not achieved (e.g. due to inadequate language control), a score of 0 is given for Communication. Language marks (for Verbs and Other Linguistic Features) are based on any phrases that do communicate meaning.

Irrelevant material that has been included in an otherwise relevant answer does not score for Communication or for Verbs. Communication marks and Verb marks are awarded for the relevant parts of the answer only. The mark for Other Linguistic Features is based on the whole answer.

Appendix II: Communication – Rules on how to decide whether a verb is accurate enough to convey meaning**Communication**

- an attempt at a verb is required for any communication mark to be awarded
- for **QUESTION 2**, candidates score 1 or 0 marks for each piece of relevant information they communicate. For a sentence/phrase to be considered for the award of a mark for communication, the verb must meet or go beyond the criteria outlined in B
- for **QUESTION 3**, candidates score 2, 1 or 0 marks for communicating each task. For the criteria the verb must fulfil in order for a sentence/phrase to be considered for the award of 2 marks for communication, see A below. For the criteria the verb must fulfil for a sentence/phrase to be considered for the award of 1 mark for communication, see B below.
- where a verb fits the criteria for C, the mark for communication is 0
- although some allowances are made for faulty verbs when awarding COMMUNICATION marks (see below); in order for a verb to score a LANGUAGE tick, it must be correct
- ‘ticks’ for communication are to be placed just above the end of the qualifying sentence/phrase

A QUESTION 3 ONLY: Where THE VERB IS APPROPRIATE IN THE MEANING IT CONVEYS AND THE TIME FRAME IS APPROPRIATE, 2 communication marks are awarded in the following cases.

(i)	For 2 communication marks: accept a Present where a Future context is apparent	
	<i>El año que viene voy a España</i> = 2 for communication (but see also B (i) for further information)	(<i>voy</i> receives a tick for verb)
(ii)	For 2 communication marks: accept the use of a Future when a Conditional would be correct and vice versa	
(iii)	For 2 communication marks: accept a 'phonetic version' of the correct time frame	
	<i>He pasado las vacaciones</i> = 2 for communication <i>E pasado las vacaciones</i> = 2 for communication <i>Mi madre necessita mi ayuda</i> = 2 for communication <i>Nececito ir a la tienda</i> = 2 for communication <i>He apprendido mucho</i> = 2 for communication <i>Mi tía tienne un club</i> = 2 for communication <i>He organizado una fiesta</i> = 2 for communication <i>Boy a ir al centro</i> = 2 for communication	(<i>Empezó a juego</i> = 1 for communication – <i>juego</i> is not phonetic) <i>Yo quiero jugar al fútbol</i> = 0 for communication (doubled 'r' is not a phonetic rendering of single 'r') <i>Yo prefiero llavar los platos</i> = 0 for communication (double 'll' is not a phonetic rendering of single 'l')
(iv)	For 2 communication marks: accept the use of any past tense when a past is required, even when a different past tense would be grammatically correct or appropriate	
	Allow Perfect, Imperfect, Pluperfect or Preterite. Ignore inconsistency in the use of the Imperfect and Preterite ifs it occurs.	

(v)	Errors of accent: award 2 communication marks (e.g. <i>estuve allí</i> = 2, <i>tambien fue</i> = 2, <i>es fantastico</i> = 2), <u>except</u> in the following cases	
	For 2 communication marks, insist on the accent on verbs which require it	<i>Yo comi</i> = 1 for communication (as an attempted preterite tense) <i>Esperabamos</i> = 1 for communication (as an attempted imperfect tense)
	For 2 communication marks, tolerate a grave accent for an acute accent	<i>Yo comi</i> = 2 for communication
(vi)	In complex sentences, reward communication based on the verb in the subordinate clause and reward according to the normal rules (it is the information in the subordinate clause which fulfils the task)	
	<i>Mi amigo dijo que tenía dolor de cabeza</i> = 2 for communication (in addition both verbs can receive a tick) <i>Mi amigo dice</i> (wrong tense) <i>que tenía dolor de cabeza</i> = 2 for communication (in addition second verb can receive a tick)	However, <i>Mi amigo dijo que tiene dolor de cabeza</i> = 1 for communication (see B (vii)) (in addition first verb can receive a tick) <i>Mi amigo dijo que él dolor de cabeza</i> = 0 for communication (no verb in subordinate clause) (first verb can receive a tick)
	<i>Creía que estaba enfermo</i> = 2 for communication (in addition both verbs receive a tick)	However: <i>Creía que llueve</i> = 1 for communication (see B (vii)) <i>Creía que tenía enfermo</i> = 0 for communication (see B (vii)) (In addition, in both cases, first verb can receive a tick)
(vii)	Use of a verb in the indicative where a subjunctive would be expected: award 2 communication marks	
	<i>No creo que haya muchas personas allí</i> = 2 for communication (plus both verbs receive a tick) <i>No creo que hay muchas personas allí</i> = 2 for communication (plus first verb receives a tick)	

B QUESTIONS 2 AND 3: Where **THE VERB IS APPROPRIATE IN THE MEANING IT CONVEYS** but is flawed in the following ways, the message is partially conveyed, and 1 communication mark will be awarded.

(i)	The candidate has produced a correct spelling of an <u>inappropriate</u> form/part/tense of an <u>appropriate</u> verb: award 1 communication mark	
	<i>He vender el libro</i> = 1 for communication <i>La gente están contenta</i> = 1 for communication <i>Yo trabaje durante las vacaciones</i> = 1 for communication <i>Yo voy pasaré</i> = 1 for communication	No ticks are scored for these verbs
	Task: what do you want to eat for lunch? Candidate writes: <i>Quiero comeré la fruta</i> = 1 for communication	<i>Quiero</i> = tick for verb
	Task: what will you do next year? Candidate writes: <i>El año pasado voy a España</i> = 1 for communication <i>El año pasado voy a viajar en España</i> = 1 for communication <i>El año que viene yo iba a España</i> = 1 for communication <i>El año que viene me gusto jugar al tenis</i> = 1 for communication	... <i>voy a...</i> verb is not rewarded as there is no future context (eg <i>El año que viene...</i>) <u>and</u> there is discordance/confusion between the verb and the time indicator that the candidate has used ... <i>voy a viajar...</i> scores 2 ticks for verbs (<i>voy a, viajar</i>) as the task requires a future and, despite the use of <i>pasado</i> , there is no doubt about the tense of the verb and the tense of the verb agrees with the tense that is required ... <i>iba...</i> verb does not receive a tick ... <i>me gusto...</i> verb does not receive a tick
	<i>El año que viene yo vaya al centro</i> = 1 for communication (<i>ir</i> is an appropriate verb, <i>vaya</i> is a form of the verb <i>ir</i> (subjunctive))	<i>El año que viene yo vaye al centro</i> = 0 for communication (<i>vaye</i> is not any part of the verb <i>ir</i>)

(ii)	The candidate has produced a <u>phonetic</u> spelling of an <u>inappropriate</u> form/part/tense of an <u>appropriate</u> verb: award 1 communication mark	
	Task: what did you enjoy doing on holiday? Candidate writes: <i>Me gustta el tenis</i> = 1 for communication (phonetic version of the incorrect tense (<i>me gusta</i>) of an appropriate verb)	<i>Me gutsa (el tenis)</i> (<i>gutsa</i> is not any form/part/tense (nor a phonetic version thereof) of the verb <i>gusta</i>)
	Task: what happened at school today? Candidate writes: <i>Apprendo mucho</i> = 1 for communication (phonetic version of an incorrect part/tense (<i>aprendo</i>) of an appropriate verb)	<i>Apriendo mucho</i> = 0 for communication (<i>apriendo</i> is not any form/part/tense (nor a phonetic version thereof) of the verb <i>aprender</i>)
(iii)	Use of <i>ser</i> when <i>estar</i> would be correct and vice versa: award 1 communication mark	
	<i>Soy en acuerdo con el proyecto</i> = 1 <i>Soy esperando tu carta</i> = 1 <i>Era con su hijo</i> = 1 <i>Mis hermanas son en la casa</i> = 1 <i>Estaba una experiencia maravillosa</i> = 1 <i>Estoy un buen estudiante</i> = 1 <i>Tu carta está interesante</i> = 1 <i>Estará una buena idea</i> = 1	
(iv)	Mis-use of <i>haber</i>, <i>hacer</i>, <i>tener</i> and <i>ser/estar</i> in idiomatic phrases/simple descriptions: award 1 communication mark	
	<i>Era/Estaba miedo</i> = 1 <i>Era/Estaba sed</i> = 1 <i>Era/Estaba hambre</i> = 1 <i>Era/Estaba cinco años</i> = 1 <i>Estaba muy frío en mi casa</i> = 1 <i>¿Está playas cerca de tu ciudad?</i> = 1	(no tick for verb) (no tick for verb) (no tick for verb) (no tick for verb) (no tick for verb) (no tick for verb) (no tick for verb) However: <i>Ella es el pelo negro</i> = 0 <i>Tenía cansado</i> = 0 <i>Tenía enfermo</i> = 0

(v)	The following commonly seen inappropriate usages: award 1 communication mark	
	Accept for 1 mark <i>Miré un accidente</i> for <i>Vi un accidente</i> <i>Yo gusta la música</i> for <i>Me gusta la música</i> <i>Escuché un ruido</i> for <i>Oí un ruido</i> <i>En Madrid hay calor</i> for <i>En Madrid hace calor</i>	Refuse <i>Tenía un tiempo muy bueno</i> for <i>Lo pasé bien</i> <i>He mirado para mi chaqueta</i> for <i>He buscado mi chaqueta</i>
(vi)	The following commonly seen mis-usages: award 1 communication mark	
	<i>Me gusto mi casa</i> <i>Me prefiero los gatos</i> <i>Me vivo en el centro</i> <i>Me llamo es (Ana)</i>	<i>Me llama es (Ana)</i> = 0 as nothing of worth is communicated <i>Me llama (Ana)</i> when the candidate is trying to give his/her own name = 0
(vii)	In complex sentences, consider the verb in the subordinate clause when awarding the mark for communication and reward according to the normal rules (see also A (vi))	
	<i>Mi amigo dijo que tiene dolor de cabeza</i> = 1 for communication	The subordinate clause, <i>tiene dolor de cabeza</i> , contains an appropriate verb in the wrong time frame which is awarded 1 communication mark (in addition, first verb receives a tick)
	<i>Creía que llueve</i> = 1 for communication	The subordinate clause, <i>que llueve</i> , contains an appropriate verb in the wrong time frame which is awarded 1 communication mark according to the usual rules) (in addition, first verb receives a tick)

C QUESTIONS 2 AND 3: Award 0 communication marks in the following cases.

(i)	No attempt at a (real) verb = 0 for communication	
	<i>yo pie al instituto</i> = 0 for communication <i>yo caminata mi perro</i> = 0 for communication <i>llove</i> = 0 for communication <i>yo preferir ir al colegio</i> = 0 for communication	
(ii)	The verb attempted delivers a message different from the desired one = 0 for communication	
	<i>mi padre tiene profesor</i> for <i>mi padre es profesor</i> = 0 for communication <i>llora</i> for <i>llueve</i> = 0 for communication	
(iii)	The attempt at the verb is not a part/form of an appropriate verb or a phonetic rendition thereof = 0 for communication	
	<i>El año que viene yo viajar en el centro</i> = 0 for communication (<i>viajer</i> is not any part of the verb <i>viajar</i>) <i>Yo buscé mis gafas</i> = 0 for communication (<i>buscé</i> is not any part of the verb <i>buscar</i>) <i>Me gutsa (el tenis)</i> = 0 for Communication (<i>gutsa</i> is not any part of the verb <i>gustar</i>)	