

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education (9–1)

CHEMISTRY (9–1) 0971/62

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical

May/June 2019

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 40

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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Cambridge IGCSE (9-1) - Mark Scheme

PUBLISHED

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- · marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

© UCLES 2019 Page 2 of 8

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

© UCLES 2019 Page 3 of 8

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	spatula	1
1(a)(ii)	Bunsen (burner)	1
1(b)	solid remains / ZnO stops dissolving / reacting	1
1(c)(i)	more than enough to react	1
1(c)(ii)	filtration / filter	1
1(d)	heat / evaporate solution	1
	to crystallising point / until saturated	1
	leave to cool	1
1(e)	heating / warming not necessary (in step 1)	1

© UCLES 2019 Page 4 of 8

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	table of results	2
	time boxes completed	1
	20, 34, 68, 98 in seconds	
2(b)	appropriate scale for <i>y</i> -axis	1
	all points plotted correctly	1
	best fit smooth line graph between plotted points	1
2(c)	extrapolation shown clearly	1
	value from graph	1
	unit s	1
2(d)(i)	(length) is a control variable	1
2(d)(ii)	times / results would be lower / smaller / less (because less magnesium is used)	1
2(e)	apparatus: M1 gas syringe / measuring cylinder over water	1
	measurement 1: M2 volume of gas	1
	measurement 2: M3 time	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(f)(i)	exothermic / redox / displacement	1
2(f)(ii)	hydrogen / H ₂	1

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Question	Answer	Marks		
Tests on solid L				
3(a)	white (solid / crystals)	1		
3(b)	condensation / drops on side of tube	1		
	cobalt(II) chloride paper turns from blue	1		
	to pink	1		
3(c)	any two from: • (red) litmus paper • turns blue • pungent smell	2		
3(d)	white precipitate	1		
3(e)	iron(III) / Fe³+	1		
	chloride / Cl ⁻	1		

© UCLES 2019 Page 7 of 8

Question	Answer					
4	any six fr	om:			max 6	
	M1		crush/powder a	azurite/ore/lumps		
	M2	using a	a suitable method e.g.	mortar and/or pestle, hammer		
	М3	heat		add (dilute) acid		
	M4	in crucible / test-tube / boiling tube / etc		suitable strong acid named		
	M5	with carbon/coke /iron/zinc/ aluminium/magnesium/CO/ hydrogen	electrolysis (of solution)	add iron / zinc / magnesium / aluminium		
	М6	reduction / redox / displacement	pink / brown solid	displacement / redox		
	M7	brown / pink (solid forms)	at negative electrode/cathode	brown / pink (solid forms)		

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