

# **Cambridge O Level**

#### **COMPUTER SCIENCE**

Paper 2 Problem-solving and Programming MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 50 2210/23 October/November 2022

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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# **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:** 

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question •
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question .
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:** 

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:** 

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the • scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do •
- marks are not deducted for errors •
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the • question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:** 

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

#### Please note the following further points:

The words in **bold** in the mark scheme are important text that needs to be present, or some notion of it needs to be present. It does not have to be the exact word, but something close to the meaning.

If a word is underlined, this **exact** word must be present.

A single forward slash means this is an alternative word. A double forward slash means that this is an alternative mark point.

Ellipsis (...) on the end of one-mark point and the start of the next means that the candidate **cannot** get the second mark point without being awarded the first one. If a mark point has an ellipsis at the beginning, but there is no ellipsis on the mark point before it, then this is just a follow-on sentence and **can** be awarded **without** the previous mark point.

Question	Answer						
Section A							
1(a)(i)	Many correct answers, the name used must be meaningful. The name given is an example only.						
	One mark per mark point, max three						
	Constant nameBasicCleanValue10.00Reasonthis number will not change whilst the program is running						
1(a)(ii)	Description Many correct answers, the name used must be meaningful. The name is an example only.						
	One mark per mark point, max three						
	<ul> <li>MP1 name e.g. NameAddress</li> <li>MP2 appropriate data type e.g. string</li> <li>MP3 sample data for the array e.g. Mrs Singh, Park View</li> </ul>						
1(b)	One mark per mark point, max three						
	<ul> <li>MP1 use a conditional statement // an example of conditional statement used // use an input statement with validation// an example of input statement used</li> <li>MP2 any working method – for example, to only store True in the three floors array if the two floors array has not been set to True</li> </ul>						
	MP3 output an appropriate error message when an error condition has occurred // choose appropriate routes through the program depending upon the choice of floors						

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Question	Answer	Marks							
1(c)	One mark per mark point, max six	6							
	<ul> <li>MP1 initialise bill total to 10</li> <li>MP1 check for additional windows</li> <li>MP2 and add in amount to total if required</li> <li>MP3 check for 2 floors or 3 floors</li> <li>MP4 multiply by 1.1 or 1.15 as required</li> <li>MP5 check for inside and multiply by 1.25 if required</li> <li>MP6 check for polish and multiply by 1.05 if required</li> <li>MP7 MP2 to MP7 completed in correct order</li> <li>MP8 check for solar panels and add 20.00 if required</li> </ul>								
	Sample								
	Total ← 10.00								
	ExtraWindowsCost ←INT((NumberExtraWindows[Bill] -1) / 5) * 5.00								
	Total ← Total + ExtraWindowsCost								
	CASE NumberOfFloors[Bill] OF // check number of floors								
	2 : Total $\leftarrow$ Total * 1.1								
	<pre>MP1 check for additional windows MP2 and add in amount to total if required MP3 check for 2 floors or 3 floors MP4 multiply by 1.1 or 1.15 as required MP5 check for inside and multiply by 1.25 if required MP6 check for polish and multiply by 1.25 if required MP7 MP2 to MP7 completed in correct order MP8 check for solar panels and add 20.00 if required Sample Total ← 10.00 ExtraWindowsCost ←INT((NumberExtraWindows[Bill] -1) / 5) * 5.00 Total ← Total + ExtraWindowsCost CASE NumberOfFloors[Bill] OF // check number of floors 2 : Total ← Total * 1.1 3 : Total ← Total * 1.15 ENDCASE IFF Inside[Bill] // check for cleaning inside windows THEN Total ← Total * 1.25 ENDIF IF Polish[Bill] // check for polishing windows THEN Total ← Total * 1.05 ENDIF IF Solar[Bill] // check for cleaning solar panels</pre>								
	<pre>ExtraWindowsCost</pre>								
	<pre>P8 check for solar panels and add 20.00 if required ample otal ← 10.00 xtraWindowsCost ←INT((NumberExtraWindows[Bill] -1) / 5) * 5.00 otal ← Total + ExtraWindowsCost ASE NumberOfFloors[Bill] OF // check number of floors 2 : Total ← Total * 1.1 3 : Total ← Total * 1.15 NDCASE F Inside[Bill] // check for cleaning inside windows THEN Total ← Total * 1.25 NDIF F Polish[Bill] // check for polishing windows THEN Total ← Total * 1.05 NDIF F Solar[Bill] // check for cleaning solar panels</pre>								
	Total ← Total * 1.05								
	IF Solar[Bill] // check for cleaning solar panels THEN								
	Total ← Total + 20.00 ENDIF								

Question	Answer					
1(d)	Explanation					
	One mark per mark point, max five					
	MP1 how the program counted the number of customers using a service					
	MP1 how the program counted this for all services					
	MP2 excluding basic windows and additional windows					
	MP3 how the program identified the service with the largest number of customers					
	MP4 how the program identified the service with the smallest number of customers					
	MP5 how the program calculated a percentage of the total number of bills stored					
	MP6 for largest and smallest					
	MP7 how the program displayed these percentages with suitable messages					

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Question Answer						
	Section B					
2(a)	One mark per mark point in the correct position, max six	6				
	• line 01 50					
	• line 08 Value > 50					
	• line 12 Reading[Value] + 1					
	• line 18 INPUT Value					
	• line 23 Reading[Count]					
	• line 24 Count + 1					
2(b)	One mark per place in code and action, max three	3				
	• line 21 set Count to 50 / Count $\leftarrow$ 50					
	• line 24 subtract 1 from Count ( $\leftarrow$ So					
	<ul> <li>line 25 check for Count equal to 34 / check for Count less than 35 / UNTIL Count = 34 / UNTIL Count &lt; 35</li> </ul>					
	or					
	One mark per place in code and action, max three					
	• line 21 set up FOR loop stating at 50 and finishing at 35 / FOR Count $\leftarrow$ 50 TO 35 STEP -1					
	<ul> <li>Remove lines 22 and 24</li> </ul>					
	• line 25 End FOR loop / NEXT Count					
	Examples					
	21 Count ← 50					
	22 REPEAT					
	23 OUTPUT "There are ", Reading[Count], " readings, " of ", Count					
	24 Count $\leftarrow$ Count $-1$					
	25 UNTIL Count = 34					
	21 FOR Count $\leftarrow$ 50 TO 35 STEP -1					
	23 OUTPUT "There are ", Reading[Count], " readings, " of ", Count					
	25 NEXT Count					

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	• 1	1
3(a)(ii)	One mark for each correct letter seen, max two	2
	• C • D	
3(b)(i)	One mark per mark point, max two	2
	<ul> <li>two or more digits</li> <li>transposed</li> </ul>	
3(b)(ii)	One mark per mark point, max two	2
	<ul> <li>multiply each digit by a different number / its place value</li> <li>before adding them together and dividing by a number</li> </ul>	
3(c)	One mark per mark point, max two	2
	length check	
	<ul> <li>type check</li> <li>presence check</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>format check</li> </ul>	

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Question	Answer						Marks 4
4(a)	One mark for each correct column, max four						
		Stock	Total	Sale	OUTPUT		
		10	0				
		9	1	Y			
		8	2	Y			
		7	3	Y			
		6	4	Y			
		5	5	Y			
		4	6	Y			
		14					
				N	Add new stock		
					6		
4(b)	One mark per mark point, max three						3
	<ul> <li>input a number / quanti</li> <li> check that the numb</li> <li> after checking for N</li> <li>update Stock by that r</li> <li>update Total by that r</li> </ul>	number / stoc	$ck \leftarrow Stock$	- Number	n stock		

•							Marks
Question	Answer						
5(a)	One mark per mark point, max two						2
	<ul><li>ItemCode</li><li>uniquely identifies each item</li></ul>						
5(b)	One mark per mark point, max three						
	<ul> <li>correct rows Field, Table and Sort</li> <li>correct row Show</li> <li>correct Criteria row</li> </ul>						
	Field:	Description	Country	InStore			
	Table:	MUSEUM	MUSEUM	MUSEUM			
	Sort:						
	Show:		V				
	Criteria:			N			
	or:						