

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge Ordinary Level

COMBINED SCIENCE 5129/11

Paper 1 Multiple Choice May/June 2019

1 hour

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

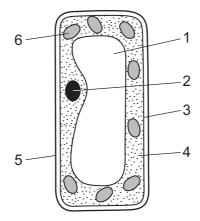
Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.

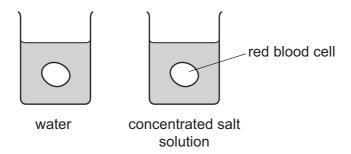


1 The diagram shows a plant cell.

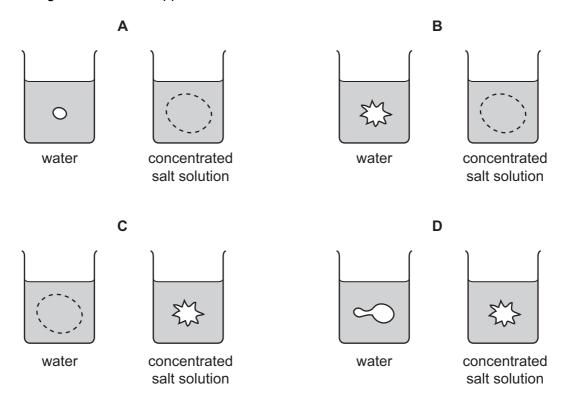


Which cell structures are also present in animal cells?

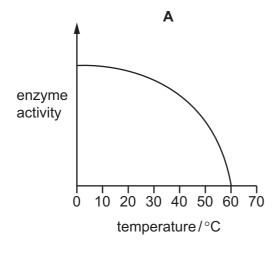
- **A** 1, 2 and 3
- **B** 2, 3 and 4
- **C** 3, 4 and 5
- **D** 4, 5 and 6
- 2 One beaker contains water. Another beaker contains a concentrated salt solution. A red blood cell is placed into each beaker.

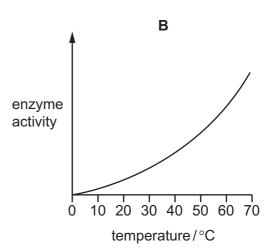


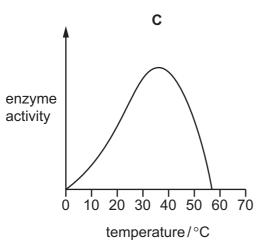
Which diagram shows the appearance of the cells after 15 minutes?

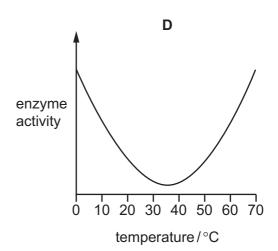


3 Which graph shows how the activity of an enzyme in the human alimentary canal varies with temperature?









- 4 Which gas, produced in photosynthesis, is released through the stomata?
 - A carbon dioxide
 - **B** oxygen
 - C sulfur dioxide
 - **D** water vapour
- **5** Which row shows the causes of constipation and obesity?

	constipation	obesity
Α	lack of carbohydrates	excess of carbohydrates
В	lack of carbohydrates	excess of protein
С	lack of fibre	excess of carbohydrates
D	lack of fibre	excess of vitamins

- **6** Which statement describes transpiration?
 - **A** the flow of a sugary solution inside a stem
 - **B** the loss of water vapour through stomata
 - **C** the movement of mineral ions down a stem
 - **D** the release of energy in plant cells
- 7 Which row describes a vein?

	walls	valves
Α	thick	no
В	thick	yes
С	thin	no
D	thin	yes

- **8** Which statement explains why, even when athletes have finished a race, they carry on breathing more quickly and deeply than normal?
 - A to remove carbon dioxide produced during anaerobic respiration
 - **B** to remove urea produced by the breakdown of amino acids
 - **C** to replace stored glycogen in muscles
 - **D** to take in extra oxygen to break-down lactic acid
- **9** The breakdown of glucose in respiration produces carbon dioxide as a waste product.

How is carbon dioxide removed from the body?

- **A** breathed out by the lungs
- B egested from the anus
- **C** excreted in the urine
- **D** lost through the skin in sweat
- 10 What happens to hormones after they have had their effect on target organs?
 - A absorbed by the blood
 - **B** destroyed by the liver
 - **C** digested by the stomach
 - **D** excreted by the kidneys

- 11 Which statement describes a drug?
 - A an externally administered substance that modifies chemical reactions
 - **B** an externally administered substance that modifies physical reactions
 - **C** an internally administered substance that modifies chemical reactions
 - **D** an internally administered substance that modifies physical reactions
- **12** Air pollution can affect gaseous exchange surfaces in the lungs.

Which statements (in general) about individuals exposed to polluted air are correct?

- 1 They will tire easily.
- 2 They will be susceptible to respiratory infections.
- 3 Their lungs will get bigger.
- 4 They will be able to run for a longer period of time.
- **A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 and 4
- 13 Which row shows an example of each type of birth control?

	chemical	surgical					
Α	condom	spermicide	vasectomy				
В	pill	vasectomy	condom				
С	spermicide	pill	vasectomy				
D	vasectomy	condom	pill				

- **14** Which statement about gases is correct?
 - A Particles are close together in a random arrangement.
 - **B** Particles are close together in a regular arrangement.
 - **C** Particles are far apart in a random arrangement.
 - **D** Particles vibrate about fixed positions in a regular arrangement.
- **15** What is the definition of nucleon number?
 - A the number of neutrons in an atom
 - **B** the total number of neutrons and electrons in an atom
 - **C** the total number of protons and electrons in an atom
 - **D** the total number of protons and neutrons in an atom

16 The table gives the electronic structure of four elements.

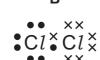
The letters in the table are not the usual symbols of the elements.

element	electronic structure
W	2,7
X	2,8,5
Y	2,8,6
Z	2,8,8,2

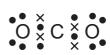
Which two elements form an ionic compound?

- A W and X
- **B** W and Y
- **C** W and Z
- **D** X and Y
- 17 Which dot and cross diagram of a molecule is **not** correct?









D

18 The equation for the formation of ammonia, NH₃, in the Haber process is shown.

$$N_2 + 3H_2 \rightarrow 2NH_3$$

What is the mass of ammonia made from 14 g of nitrogen?

- **A** 17 g
- **B** 28 g
- **C** 34 g
- **o** 68 g
- **19** The table shows the pH value of 5 soil samples.

soil sample	pH value
Р	8.0
Q	7.5
R	7.0
S	6.5
Т	6.0

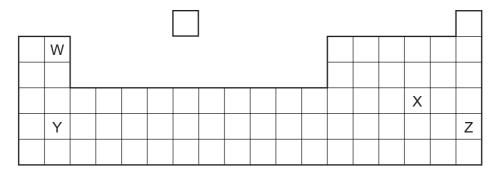
Cabbages grow best in alkaline soil.

In which soil samples should cabbage grow best?

- **A** P and Q
- B Q and T
- C R and P
- **D** S and T

20 Part of the Periodic Table is shown.

The letters in the table are not the usual symbols of the elements.



Which statement is correct?

- **A** W is a metal and X is a non-metal
- B X has more electrons than Y
- C Y and Z are both non-metals
- D Z has fewer electron shells than W

21 Which row describes the properties of a metal?

	malleable	electrical conductor
Α	no	no
В	no	yes
С	yes	no
D	yes	yes

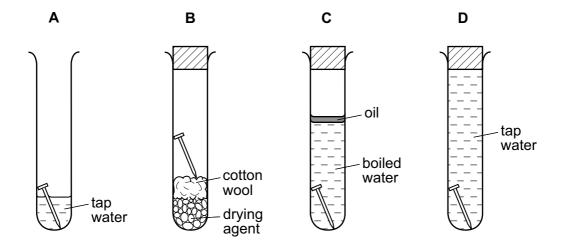
22 A piece of aluminium sinks without reacting when it is added to water.

Which statement explains why the aluminium does not react with water?

- **A** Aluminium forms an amphoteric oxide.
- **B** Aluminium has an oxide layer.
- **C** Aluminium is an unreactive metal.
- **D** Aluminium is more dense than water.

- 23 Which statements about zinc are correct?
 - 1 It is alloyed with copper to form brass.
 - 2 It is used to make food containers.
 - 3 It is alloyed with iron to make steel.
 - 4 It is used to coat iron for rust prevention.
 - A 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 4
- **C** 2 and 3
- **D** 3 and 4
- 24 A student set up an experiment using iron nails as shown. The tubes are left for one week.

 In which tube does most rusting take place?



- 25 A student suggests the following four statements about the members of a homologous series.
 - 1 They have similar chemical properties.
 - 2 They have the same melting points.
 - 3 Their molecules all contain at least two carbon atoms.
 - 4 They can be represented by the same general formula.

Which statements are correct?

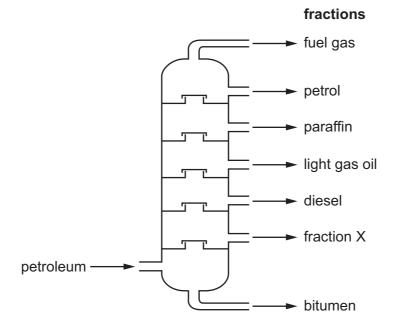
A 1 and 3

B 1 and 4

C 2 and 3

D 3 and 4

26 The fractional distillation of petroleum is shown.



What is a use of fraction X?

- A fuel for an aircraft
- B fuel for an oil stove
- C making roads
- **D** making waxes

27 P, Q, R and S are four hydrocarbons.

P has no C=C double bonds.

Q is saturated.

R undergoes an addition reaction with steam.

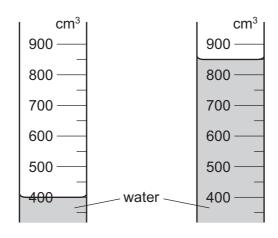
S can form an addition polymer.

Which row is correct?

	Р	Q	R	S		
Α	ethane	ethene	propene	ethene		
В	methane	ethane	ethene	propane		
С	propane	methane	propene	ethene		
D	propene	ethene	methane	ethane		

28 The volume of an irregularly shaped solid object is measured by the method of displacement.

The water levels before and after the solid is added are shown.



before immersion

after immersion

What is the volume of the irregularly shaped object?

- **A** 400 cm³
- **B** 450 cm³
- **C** 850 cm³
- **D** 1250 cm³

29 A force is applied to an object moving at constant velocity.

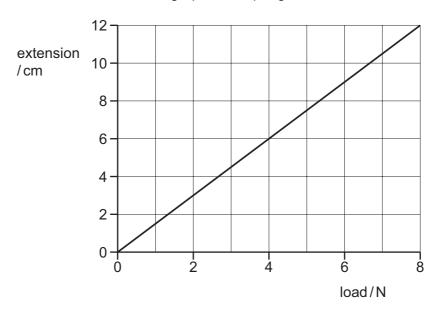
Which effect cannot occur?

- A It slows down.
- B It speeds up.
- C Its direction changes.
- **D** Its velocity remains constant.
- **30** An astronaut has a mass of 84.0 kg on the Earth where the gravitational field strength is 10 N/kg. He goes to Mars where the field strength is 38% of that on the Earth.

Which row is correct?

	mass on Mars /kg	weight on Mars /N
Α	31.9	121
В	31.9	319
С	84.0	319
D	84.0	840

31 The diagram shows an extension-load graph for a spring.



The length of the spring with no load is 3 cm.

Which load gives the spring a length of 9 cm?

A 2N

B 4N

C 6N

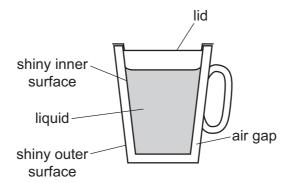
D 8N

32 Hydroelectric generation can be used to produce electricity from water stored behind a dam.

What is the correct order for the energy transfers during the production of electricity in this way?

A	kinetic energy of turbine	\rightarrow	gravitational potential energy of water	\rightarrow	kinetic energy of water	\rightarrow	electrical energy
В	gravitational potential energy of water	\rightarrow	kinetic energy of water	\rightarrow	kinetic energy of turbine	\rightarrow	electrical energy
С	gravitational potential energy of water	\rightarrow	kinetic energy of turbine	\rightarrow	kinetic energy of water	\rightarrow	electrical energy
D	kinetic energy of water	\rightarrow	kinetic energy of turbine	\rightarrow	gravitational potential energy of water	\rightarrow	electrical energy

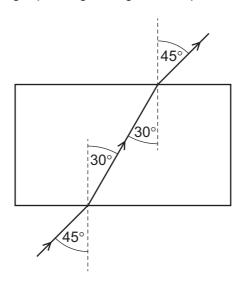
33 A liquid is kept hot in an insulated cup.



Which statement does not explain why the liquid stays hot?

- A The trapped air in the gap reduces convection.
- B The lid reduces convection.
- **C** The shiny inner surface reflects infra-red radiation from the liquid.
- **D** The shiny outer surface reflects infra-red radiation from the surroundings.
- 34 Which description could be a longitudinal wave?
 - A an earthquake wave
 - B infra-red radiation
 - C vibrations on a guitar string
 - **D** X-rays

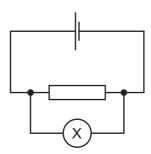
35 The diagram shows a ray of light passing through a transparent rectangular block.



What is the refractive index of the block for the light ray entering the block?

- **A** 0.71
- **B** 0.82
- **C** 1.41
- **D** 1.50

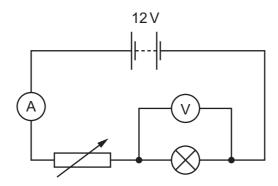
36 The diagram shows a voltmeter connected in parallel to a resistor in a circuit.



Which unit can be used for the quantity measured by the voltmeter?

- A C/s
- B J/C
- C J/s
- **D** V/Ω

37 The circuit shown is used to determine the resistance of a lamp for two different brightness settings.



When the brightness of the lamp is low, the voltmeter reading is 2V and the ammeter reading is 2A.

When the brightness of the lamp is normal, the readings are 12 V and 4 A.

What is the increase in filament resistance?

- **A** 1Ω
- **B** 2Ω
- \mathbf{C} 3 Ω
- $D 4\Omega$

38 The wiring for a home appliance includes a switch and a fuse.

Where are these located?

	switch	fuse
Α	live wire	live wire
В	live wire	neutral wire
С	neutral wire	live wire
D	neutral wire	neutral wire

- **39** In the nuclide notation A_ZX , what is represented by the letter Z?
 - A the number of neutrons in the nuclide
 - **B** the number of protons in the nuclide
 - **C** the total number of neutrons and protons in the nuclide
 - **D** the total number of protons and electrons in the nuclide
- **40** A smoke alarm in a home uses radioactive emissions that are easily absorbed. The detector needs to last for at least ten years before replacing.

Which nuclide is the best for use in a smoke detector?

	nuclide	radiation emitted	half-life				
Α	americium-241	alpha	432 years				
В	cobalt-60	beta	5.27 years				
С	potassium-40	beta	1.25 × 10 ⁹ years				
D	radium-223	alpha	11.5 days				

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	=	2 T	helium	4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	牊	radon			
	\equiv				6	ட	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ğ	bromine 80	53	н	iodine 127	85	Ą	astatine -			
	>				80	0	oxygen 16	16	S	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	Te	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	polonium –	116	_	livermorium –
	>				7	z	nitrogen 14	15	Ф	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	<u>B</u>	bismuth 209			
	≥				9	ပ	carbon 12	14	S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	20	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium -
	≡				5	Ω	boron 11	13	Αl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	84	lΤ	thallium 204			
											30	Zn	zinc 65	48	р О	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium —
											29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	62	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
Group	,										28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pq	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
้อ		Hydrogen								27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	格	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium 192	109	Ψ	meitnerium -	
			hydrogen	-							26	Fe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	Os	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium -
								1			25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium —
					_	loq	ass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
			2	Ney	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	<u>a</u>	tantalum 181	105	В	dubnium —
						atc	rel				22	j	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	士	hafnium 178	104	弘	rutherfordium —
				r							21	လွ	scandium 45	39				lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
	=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	26	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
	_				က	=	lithium 7	1	Na	sodium 23	19	×	potassium 39	37	В	rubidium 85	22	S	caesium 133	87	Ъ,	francium -

7.1	Ρ	lutetium	175	103	۲	lawrencium	I
70	Хþ	ytterbium	173	102	8	nobelium	I
69	E	thulium	169	101	Md	mendelevium	1
89	ш	erbinm	167	100	Fm	ferminm	I
29	웃	holmium	165	66	Es	einsteinium	I
99	Ò	dysprosium	163	86	ŭ	califomium	1
65	Д	terbium	159	26	ă	berkelium	I
64	Вg	gadolinium	157	96	Cm	curium	ı
63	Ш	europium	152	96	Am	americium	I
62	Sm	samarium	150	94	Pn	plutonium	I
61	Pm	promethium	I	63	ď	neptunium	I
09	PZ	neodymium	144	82	\supset	uranium	238
59	Ţ	praseodymium	141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
58	Ce	cerium	140	06	Т	thorium	232
25	Б	lanthanum	139	89	Ac	actinium	ı

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).