

Cambridge International AS & A Level

GEOGRAPHY 9696/23

Paper 2 Core Human Geography

October/November 2022

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

Insert (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer four questions in total:

Section A: answer all questions.

Section B: answer one question.

- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The insert contains all the resources referred to in the questions.

LICs = low income countries.

MICs = middle income countries.

HICs = high income countries.



Section A

Answer all questions in this section. All questions are worth 10 marks.

Population

- **1** Fig. 1.1 shows levels of threat to crops from locust swarms in parts of Africa and Asia in December 2019.
 - (a) Using Fig. 1.1:
 - (i) state the level of threat in Iran [1]
 - (ii) describe the relationship between the locust swarms and the level of threat. [3]
 - (b) Suggest two ways information such as that shown in Fig. 1.1 could be useful in the management of food security. [2]
 - (c) Explain **two** causes, other than insect pests, of food shortages. [4]

Migration

- **2** Fig. 2.1 shows international migration for selected sub-regions of Oceania in 2015. Fig. 2.2 shows the sub-regions of Oceania.
 - (a) Using Fig. 2.1, state:
 - (i) the sub-region with the largest proportion of international migrants moving from sub-region to sub-region within Oceania [1]
 - (ii) the sub-region with the largest number of international migrants to other continents. [1]
 - (b) Suggest two constraints to international migration in the area shown in Fig. 2.2. [3]
 - (c) Explain the advantages of chain migration. [5]

Settlement dynamics

- **3** Fig. 3.1 shows the rural and urban population of the world, 1990–2017.
 - (a) Using Fig. 3.1:
 - (i) state the year in which urban population equals the rural population [1]
 - (ii) compare the trends in rural population and urban population from 1990 to 2017. [3]
 - (b) Outline **two** reasons for the differences in the trends you identified in (a)(ii). [2]
 - (c) Explain how the growth of urban areas in LICs/MICs creates issues for nearby rural settlements. [4]

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Section B

Answer one question from this section. All questions are worth 30 marks.

Population

- 4 (a) (i) Define the term fertility rate. [3]
 - (ii) Compare fertility rates in HICs with fertility rates in LICs/MICs. [4]
 - (b) With the aid of examples, explain the factors that influence fertility rates in HICs. [8]
 - (c) For your case study of **one** country's population policy, assess the extent to which the difficulties faced in managing natural increase have been overcome. [15]

Migration

- 5 (a) Describe the characteristics of refugee flows. [7]
 - (b) With the aid of examples, explain the positive impacts of refugees on receiving/destination areas. [8]
 - (c) 'Age is the most important factor influencing internal migration.'
 - With the aid of examples, how far do you agree? [15]

Settlement dynamics

- 6 (a) Describe two issues in rural settlements in HICs resulting from urban growth. [7]
 - (b) With the aid of examples, explain why functional zonation occurs in urban areas. [8]
 - (c) With the aid of examples, assess the extent to which residential segregation in urban settlements is caused by economic factors. [15]

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