

ACCOUNTING

0452/23 October/November 2018

Paper 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 120

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a guestion. Each guestion paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded positively:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the guestion as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question			Answer			Marks
1(a)(i)	To notify Thato of an overch To notify Thato of goods bei To request that Thato reduce Any 1 purpose (1)	ng returned	/oice/request credit not	e		1
1(a)(ii)		credit Abebe account	debit Abebe account	no entry		1
				√(1)		
1(b)(i)	To inform Abebe of the amo To provide a summary of the To allow Abebe to check his Any 1 purpose (1)	e transactions for the n	nonth/period			1
1(b)(ii)	The statement is a summary	of the transactions wi	nich have already been	recorded in the acc	ounting records	
1(c)(i)	Thato purchased in large qu Thato is a loyal customer/en Thato is in the same trade Any 1 reason (1)			ge quantities		1
1(c)(ii)	To encourage Thato to pay	promptly / within the cr	edit period allowed / wi	thin 30 days		1
1(c)(iii)	\$5000 - (2½% × 5000) = 50	00 – 125 = 4875 (1)				1
1(c)(iv)	Purchases ledger					1

Question		Answer				Marks
1(d)		Thato Purchases journal				5
	Date	Details	\$	\$		
	2018 Aug 4	Nyack Goods Less Trade discount	6 250 1 250	5 000	(1)	
	9	Gaby Goods Less Trade discount	2 600 520	2 080	(1)	
	31	Transfer to purchases account		7 080	(1) OF	
		Purchases returns jo	ournal			
	Date	Details	\$	\$		
	2018 Aug 13	Gaby Goods Less Trade discount	100 20	80	(1)	
	31	Transfer to purchases returns account		80	(1) OF	

Question			Ans	wer			Marks
1(e)				ato s account			(
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
	2018						
	Aug 31	Purchases for month (1) OF	7 080				
		P	urchases re	turns acco	punt		
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
				2018			
				Aug 31	Returns for month (1) OF	80	
			Gaby a	account			
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
	2018			2018			
	Aug 13	Purchases returns (1) OF	80	Aug 9	Purchases (1)OF	2 080	
	30	Bank (1) OF	1 960				
		Discount (1) OF	40				
1(f)	Business entity (Money measure Realisation (1)						

Question					Ans	wer					Marks
2(a)	Reduce Reduce Allows t Provide Or othe	es the sma the nun the chief o s training	all cash pa nber of en cashier to for junior e advant a	atries in the main cash boo ayments in the main cash atries in the ledger delegate some of the wo members of staff age	book						1
2(b)						ara account					2
		Date		Details	\$	Date	[Details		\$	
		2018				2018					
		Jul 31	Petty cas	sh (1)	55	Jul 31	Petty cash (1))		5	
2(c)	Sabeen	a accoun	t (1) Debi	t (1)							2
2(d)						-					3
				debit			credit				
					\$			\$			
				petty cash (1)	104*	cash/ba	ank (1)	104*			
								*(1) for 2	matching	correct figures	

Question			Ans	swer			Marks		
2(e)		Sara Commission receivable account							
	Date 2017	Details	\$	Date 2017	Details	\$			
	<i>Aug 1</i> 2018	Balance b/d	190	Aug 3 2018	Bank } }(1)	190			
	Jul 31	Income statement (1)OF	420	Feb 1 Jul 31	Bank } Balance c/d	200 220			
	2018		610			610			
	Aug 1	Balance b/d (1)	220						
	+ (1) Dates								

		100	LISHED			
Question		F	Answer			Marks
2(f)		Rates and i	Sara nsurance	account		8
	Date 2017 Aug 1 2017Details2017 	\$ 570 5 200 3 400 400	Date 2017 Aug 1 2018 Jul 31	Details Balance (rates) b/d Drawings (1) Income statement Rates 4800 Ins <u>2370</u> (1 Balance c/d	\$ 800 1 000 (1))OF 7 170 600	
	2018 Aug 1 Balance (ins.) b/d (1)	9 570 600	2018 Aug 1	Balance (rates) b/d (1)	<u>9 570</u> 400	
	+ (1) Dates					
2(g)	Financial information is reliable only if it can be depended on to represent actua if it is free from error if it free from bias Any 2 comments (1) each	al events				2
2(h)	Comparability (1) Relevance (1) Understandability (1)					3

Question	Answer			Marks
3(a)	Sadia Income Statement for the year ended 3	0 Septemb	er 2018	13
	Fees from clients (42 100 – 2880 (1) + 3120 (1))	\$	\$ 42 340	
	Wages $(29800 - 3500(1))$ Advertising $(3150 - 630(1))$ Rent $(1200 + 190(1) - 200(1))$ General expenses Provision for doubtful debts $((5\% \times 3120(1)) - 144(1))$ Depreciation Office equipment $((26000 - 9360)(1) \times 20\%(1))$	12 3 328	(1)	
	Office furniture (11 100 + 1450 – 11 400) Profit for the year		(1) <u>36 275</u> <u>6 065</u> (1) OF	
3(b)	Revenue Purchases Inventory (opening/closing) Returns (sales/purchases) Carriage inwards Carriage outwards Or other suitable item Any 3 items (1) each			3
3(c)	Assess prospects of any requested loan/overdraft being repaid when due Assess prospects of any interest on loan/overdraft being paid when due Assess security available to cover any loan/overdraft Or other acceptable reason Any 2 reasons (1) each	e		2

Question	Answer	Marks
3(d)	Competitors Employees Government Lenders/potential lenders Manager Potential buyers of the business/investors Potential partners Trade receivables/clients/customers Trade receivables/clients/customers Trade payables/suppliers Owner/Sadia Or other acceptable interested party Any two interested parties (1) each	2

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	To ensure that the trial balance totals agree To allow draft financial statements to be prepared To assist in the correction of errors To assist in ensuring errors are discovered Any 2 reasons (1) each	2

Question			Answer				Mark
4(b)			Rizwan Journal				
			Details	\$	\$		
		1	Suspense Rent receivable Rent payable Correction of error, rent receivable treated as rent payable	1120	560 560	(1) (1) (1) (1)	
		2	Office equipment Purchases Correction of error, office equipment treated as purchases	890	890	(1) (1) (1)	
		3	(No entry) Suspense Correction of error, petty cash omitted from trial balance	-	21	(1) (1) (1)	
4(c)		rice of price trad f trad of go table	e of goods e discount allowed to customers le discount received from suppliers oods e reason				
4(d)	Reason The business	was ge o	eptember 2017 (1) s run less efficiently in 2018 f expenses to revenue was greater in 2018 (1)				

Question	Answer	Marks
4(e)	Reduce expenses/control expenses better Obtain more other income Change the type of expenses Or other suitable ways Any 2 ways (1) each	2
4(f)	Increase in profit Reduction in capital/increase in drawings Reduction in long term loans Any 2 reasons (1) each	2

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	Easier to see amount invested by each partner Easier to calculate interest on capital Easier to see the profit retained by each partner Easier to see if a partner is making excessive drawings Any 2 advantages (1) each	2

Question				Ans	swer				Marks
5(b)	Mark and Ella Current accounts								7
	Date	Detail	Mark \$	Ella \$	Date	Detail	Mark \$	Ella \$	
	2017 Sept 1	Balance b/d	1 800		2017 Sept 1	Balance b/d		2 000	
	2018				2018				
	Aug 31	Drawings (1) Interest on drawings (1)	12 000 960	16 000 1 280	Aug 31	Interest on capital (1) Salary (1)	6 000	4 000 15 000	
		Balance c/d		11 640		Profit share (1) Balance c/d	7 920 840	7 920	
			14 760	28 920			14 760	28 920	
	2018 Sept 1	Balance b/d (1)OF	840		2018 Sept 1	Balance b/d (1)OF		11 640	

Question	Answer					
5(c)	Mark and Ella Statement of Financial Position at 31 August 2018					
	Assets	\$	\$	\$		
	Non-current assets					
	Premises at cost Fixtures & equipment at book value Motor vehicles at book value		-	165 000 24 400 <u>14 750</u> 204 150 (1)		
	Current assets Inventory Trade receivables Less Provision for doubtful debts Petty cash	_	16 800 420	14 950 16 380 (1) <u>150</u> 31 480 (1)		
	Total assets		-	235 630		
	Capital and liabilities Capital accounts	Mark 120 000	Ella 80 000	Total 200 000 (1)		
	Current accounts	(840)	11 640	10 800 (1) OF		
				210 800		
	Current liabilities Trade payables Bank overdraft		-	19 240 5 590 24 830 (1)		
	Total capital and liabilities		-	235 630		

Question	Answer	Marks
5(d)	Ella has higher drawings so higher interest/Mark has lower drawings so lower interest Present agreement may discourage Ella from taking excessive drawings Not charging interest on drawings will reduce Mark's share of the profits Or other suitable comments Any 2 comments (1) each	2
5(e)	What profit share he would get Whether interest on capital is allowed/interest on drawings is charged Whether he would get a partnership salary Comparison of present income with possible income if a partner Whether capital would have to be invested Responsibilities compared to those he now has Will be responsible for the debts of the business The capital employed/value of the business Profitability of the business Prospects for the future Or other suitable considerations Any 2 considerations (1) each	2

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	Total of the direct materials, direct labour and direct expenses	1
6(b)	Indirect factory wages, factory rent, factory insurance, depreciation of factory machinery, repair of factory machinery, etc. Any 2 factory overheads (1) each	2
6(c)	36 500 × 20% = 7300 (1)	1

Question	Answer	Marks
6(d)	Long term loan Mortgage Admit a partner Form a limited company Government grant Or other suitable source of finance Any 2 sources (1) each	2
6(e)	Prime cost $30\ 000\ +\ 20\%$ \$ Factory overheads $6500\ +\ 1500$ $8\ 000\ (1)$ Cost of production $44\ 000\ (1)\ OF$ Alternative calculation (1) Present cost of production $36\ 500\ (1)\ OF$ Increase in prime cost $30\ 000\ \times\ 20\%$ $6\ 000\ \}(1)\ 1\ 500\ \}$ Cost of production $36\ 500\ (1)\ OF$ Gross profit $44\ 000\ \times\ 18\%\ =\ \underline{7\ 920}\ (1)\ OF$	4
6(f)	Gross profit increases by only \$620 OF May not be worthwhile if the gross profit only increases by this amount Interest may have to be paid on any money borrowed May not be able to obtain the necessary finance The figures provided are only estimates Costs of materials and labour may increase by more than estimated Customers may demand further price reductions May not be able to sell additional output Or other relevant disadvantages Any 4 disadvantages (1) each	4