

### COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/22 October/November 2017

Paper 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 50

Published

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[Turn over

Question	Answer	Marks					
1(a)(i)	1 mark for appropriate variable name, 1 mark for appropriate data type, 1 mark for appropriate use.	3					
	<ul> <li>Many correct answers, they must be meaningful. These are examples only.</li> <li>HireTotal, integer, running total of money taken (for the day)</li> <li>HoursHired, real, running total of hours hired for the day</li> <li>Returned, real, hour and fraction of hour when next returned</li> </ul>						
1(a)(ii)	1 mark for appropriate constant name, 1 mark for appropriate value.	2					
	<pre>Many correct answers, they must be meaningful. These are examples only.</pre>						
1(b)	1 mark for validation check, all checks must be different, 1 mark for the reason and 1 mark for the test data. The only inputs for task 1 can be length of hire, money taken, time of hire and time of return.	6					
	There are many possible correct answers these are examples only.						
	Validation check- range check for time of hireReason- cannot be hired before 10:00 returned after 17:00Test data- 12:00, 19:00Validation check- type check for money takenReason- must be a numeric valueTest data- 20.00, bob						

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Question	Answer					
1(c)	<ul> <li>any loop for 10 boats</li> <li>(1 mark)</li> </ul>	5				
Fo Ex Ma To To Nu FO Nu FO	<pre>our from: Initialisation Check HoursHired against MaxHoursHired  store the BoatNumber  update MaxHoursHired if greater check if HoursHired = 0  if so add 1 to NumberBoatsUnused update daily totals (for hours and money) output report with messages (including totals for hours and money, and number of boats unused and the most used boat). Max 4 marks xample: axHoursHired ← 0 otalHoursHired ← 0 otalHoursHired ← 0 otalHoursHired ← 0 OR BoatNumber ← 1 to 10 TotalHoney ← TotalHoursHired + HoursHired(BoatNumber) TotalHoursHired ← TotalHoursHired + HoursHired(BoatNumber) IF HoursHired(BoatNumber) = 0 THEN NumberBoatsUnused ← NumberBoatsUnused + 1 ENDIF IF HoursHired (BoatNumber) &gt; MaxHoursHired THEN MostUsed ← BoatNumber MaxGursHired ← HoursHired(BoatNumber) ENDIF ENT Boatswere hired for ", TotalHoursHired, " hours" RINT "Total amount of money taken was ", TotalMoney RINT "Dotats were hired for ", TotalHoursHired, " hours" RINT "Boats were hired for ", was used most" Hen NumberBoatsUnused, " boats were not used" Hirt "Boat number ", MostUsed, " was used most" HoursHired number ", MostUsed, " was used most" HoursHired NumberBoatsUnused, " boats were not used" Hirt "Boat number ", MostUsed, " was used most" HoursHired NumberBoatsUnused, " boats were not used" Hirt "Boat number ", MostUsed, " was used most" Hirt "Boat number ", MostUsed, " was used most" HoursHired NumberBoatsUnused, " boats were not used" Hirt "Boat number ", MostUsed, " was used most" HoursHired NumberBoatsUnused, " boats were not used" HoursHired NumberBoatsUnused, " boats were not used" Hirt "Boat number ", MostUsed, " was used most" HoursHired NumberBoatsUnused, " boats were not used" Hirt "Boat number ", MostUsed, " was used most" Hirt "Boat number ", MostUsed, " was used most" HoursHired HoursHired HoursHired HoursHired</pre>					

Question	Answer	Marks				
1(d)	Maximum 4 marks in total for question part					
	<ul> <li>e.g.</li> <li>Explanation (may include reference to program statements) <ul> <li>check all boats for</li> <li> return time &lt; current time // current booking slot available or return time &gt; current time// current booking slot not available</li> <li>keep a running total of those available</li> <li>display number of boats</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
	<pre>Example: FOR BoatNumber ← 1 to 10 loop to check for all boats IF ReturnTime(BoatNumber) &lt;= CurrentTime check return time against current time THEN BoatsAvailable ← BoatsAvailable + 1 keep a running total ENDIF NEXT BoatNumber PRINT "Number of boats available ", BoatsAvailable display number of boats</pre>					

Question	Answer	Marks
2	1 mark for each, there may be other solutions, award full marks for any working solution	6
	<pre>any six from: initialise total (outside loop) Input number of numbers (outside loop with validation) Loop using input value Input number (inside loop) Update Total (inside loop) Calculate average Print average and total (outside loop) Sample algorithm: INPUT NumberCount Total ← 0 FOR Count ← 1 TO NumberCount INPUT Number Total ← Total + Number NEXT Average ← Total/NumberCount PRINT Total, Average</pre>	

Question	Answer						
3	1 mark for each correct line, max 3 marks.						
	Data Structure Description						
	Constant A collection of related data.						
	Array A value that can change whilst a program is running.						
	Table     A value that never changes whilst a program is running.						
	Variable A series of elements of the same data type.						

Question	Answer	Marks					
4	marks for identification, 1 mark for description, 1 mark for reason.						
	<ul> <li>2 marks for identification, 1 mark for description, 1 mark for reason.</li> <li>Identification:         <ul> <li>CASE</li> <li>OF OTHERWISE (ENDCASE) or</li> <li>OF OF (OTHERWISE) ENDCASE</li> </ul> </li> <li>Description:         <ul> <li>a statement that allows for multiple selections // not any of the above</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reason:             <ul> <li>to simplify pseudocode/ make pseudocode more understandable etc.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>						

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Question				Answer		Marks
5(a)	Accept	Reject	Count	Sack	OUTPUT	5
	0	0	0			
	1		1	50.4		
	2		2	50.3		
		1	3	49.1		
	3		4	50.3		
	4		5	50.0		
	5		6	49.5		
	6		7	50.2		
	7		8	50.3		
	8		9	50.5		
		2	10	50.6	8 2	
	$\leftarrow$ (1 mark) $\rightarrow$	I ← (1 mark) →	↓ ← (1 mark) →	$\rightarrow \leftarrow (1 \text{ mark}) \rightarrow \leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$ (1 mark) $\rightarrow$	
5(b)	<ul> <li>change to Is</li> <li>remove IS S</li> </ul>	Count = 50? Sack > 50.5?				2

Question	Answer						Marks
6(a)	<ul> <li>1 mark for each field suitable name, 1 mark for appropriate data type and appropriate data sample</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>The following are examples there are many different correct answers.</li> <li>Engine Number, text, 21012</li> <li>Class, text, P6</li> <li>Service Date, date, 4/3/2017</li> </ul>						
6(b)	<ul> <li>Engine Number // Correct field number</li> </ul>						1
6(c)	Field:	Engine Number	Class	Service Date		7	3
	Table:	TRAIN	TRAIN	TRAIN			
	Sort:						
	Show:	$\mathbf{\nabla}$					
	Criteria:		Like 'P*' // Like 'P?'	<10/11/2016			
	or:						
		(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)			