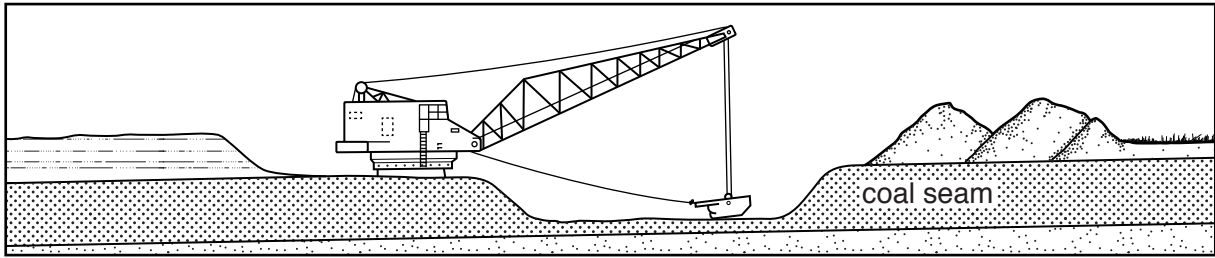
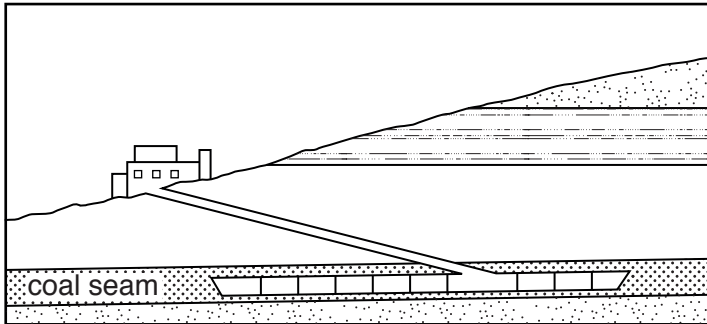


2 The diagram shows three types of coal mine labelled **P**, **Q** and **R**.

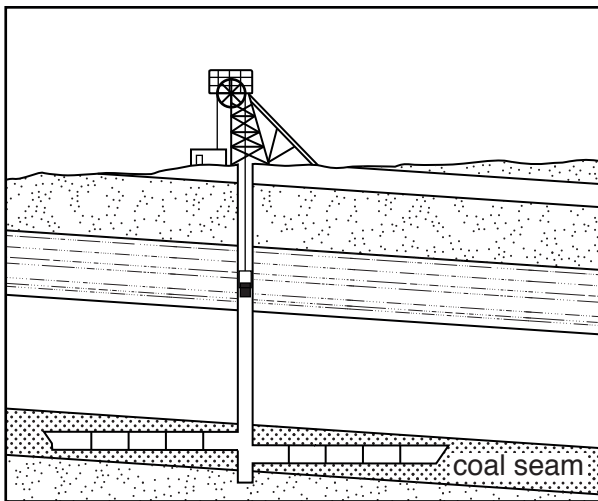
P



Q



R



(a) (i) Match the letters, **P**, **Q** and **R**, in the diagram to the types of coal mine.

adit (drift) mine

open-pit (opencast) mine

shaft mine

[2]

(ii) It is more dangerous to work in the type of mine labelled **R** than in the type of mine labelled **P**.

Explain why.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....[4]

(iii) Coal is a fossil fuel.

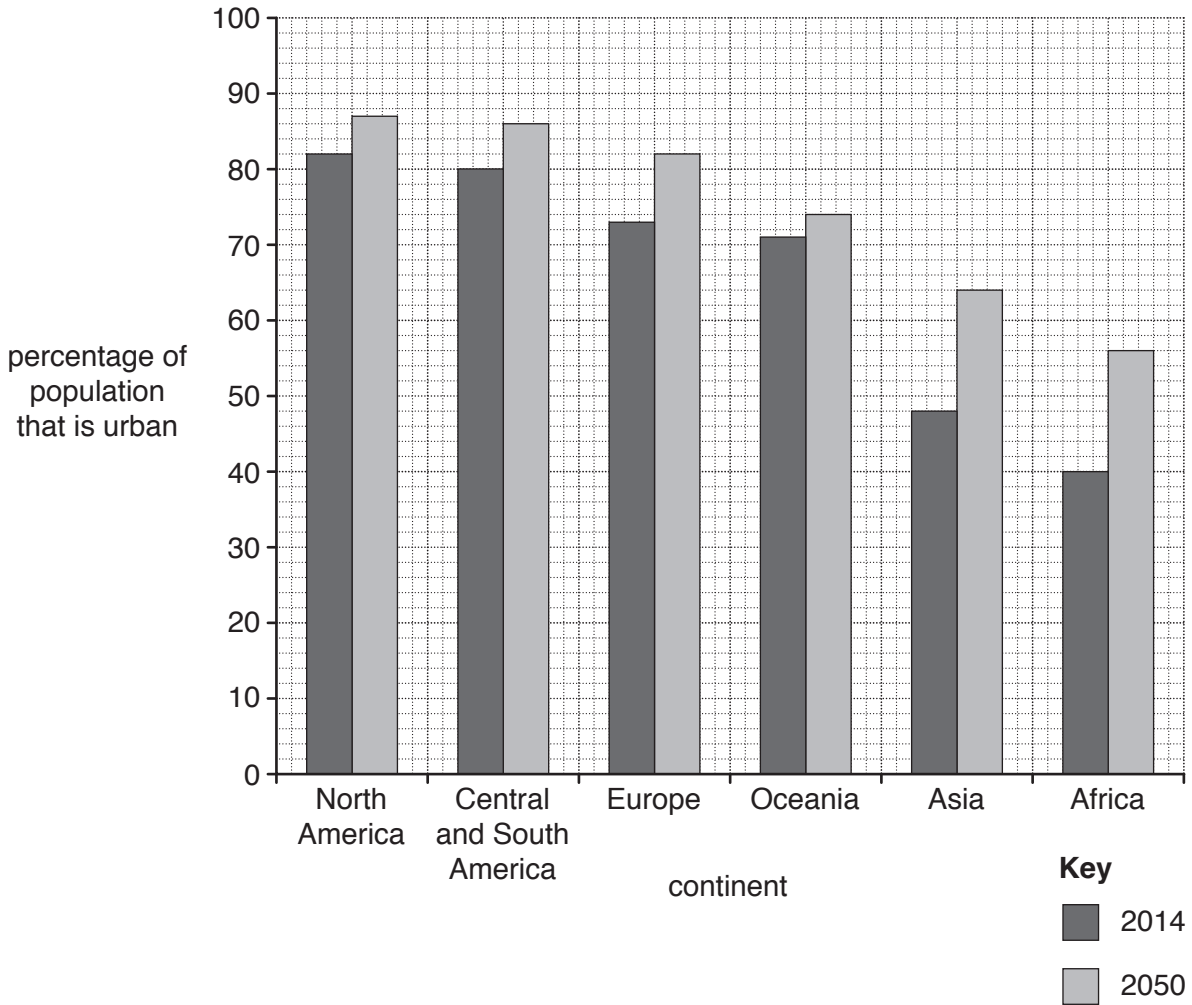
Name **one** other fossil fuel.

.....[1]

(b) Suggest **three** advantages of generating electricity using nuclear fuel compared with using fossil fuels.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....[3]

3 The graph shows the percentage of population that was urban by continent in 2014 and the expected change by 2050.



(a) (i) Name the **two** continents with the highest percentage of population that was urban in 2014.

1

2 [1]

(ii) Name the **two** continents which are expected to have the highest percentage of people living in rural areas by 2050.

1

2 [1]

(iii) Name the **two** continents where the percentage of population that is urban is expected to grow the most between 2014 and 2050.

1

2 [1]

(b) (i) State the word used to describe the increasing number of people living in urban areas.

..... [1]

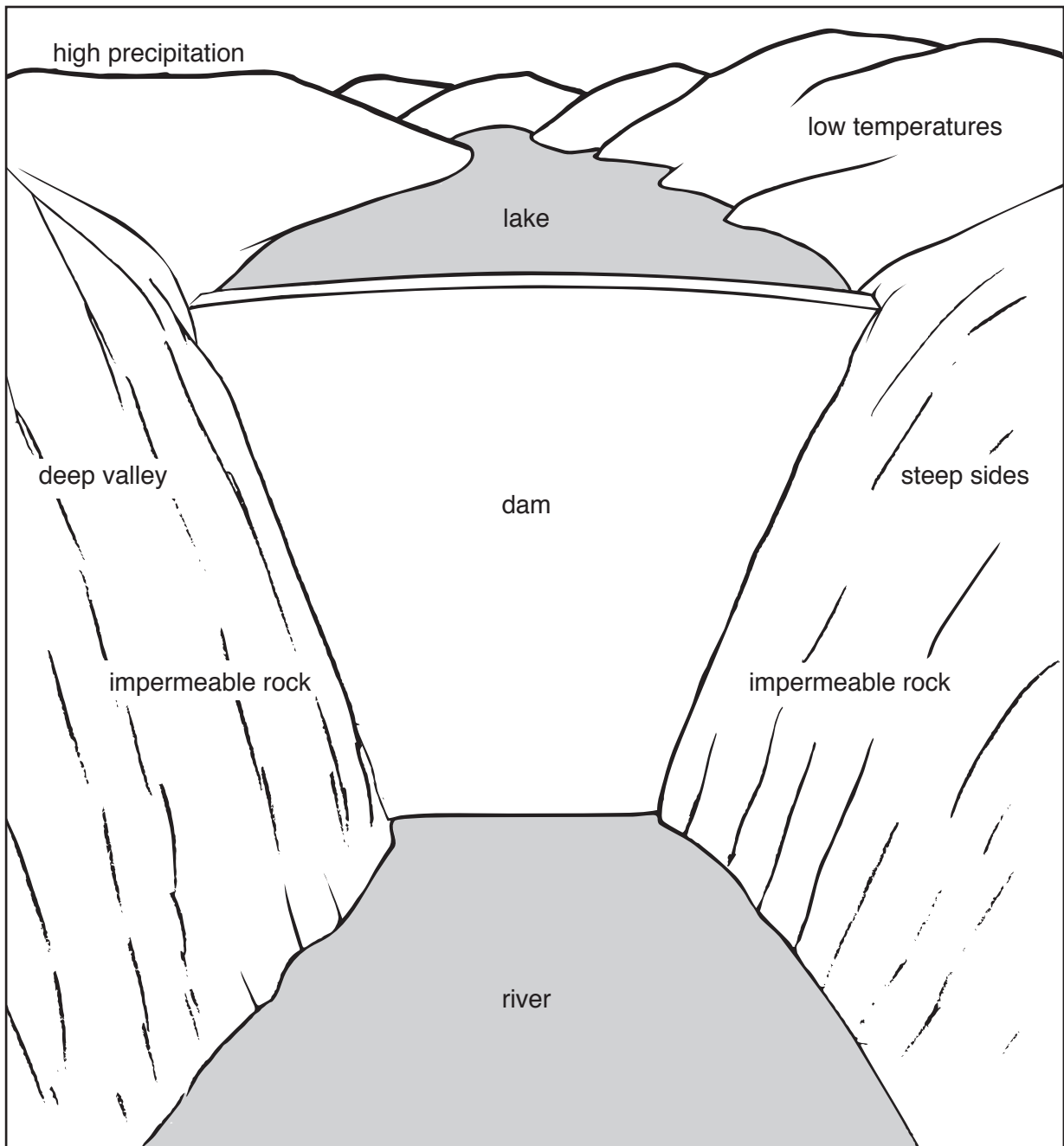
(ii) Suggest **three** reasons why people leave rural areas in developing countries.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
..... [3]

(iii) Describe **three** environmental problems caused by the rapid growth of cities in developing countries.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
..... [3]

4 The diagram shows a dam and features of its location.



(a) Choose **three** features shown on the diagram.

Explain why each makes this a good location for a dam.

feature 1

explanation

.....

feature 2

explanation

.....

feature 3

explanation

.....

[3]

(b) Explain why water from rivers and lakes may not be safe to drink.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [4]

(c) Suggest ways that countries with low rainfall and few rivers could obtain supplies of water.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

(b) (i) CFCs are greenhouse gases.

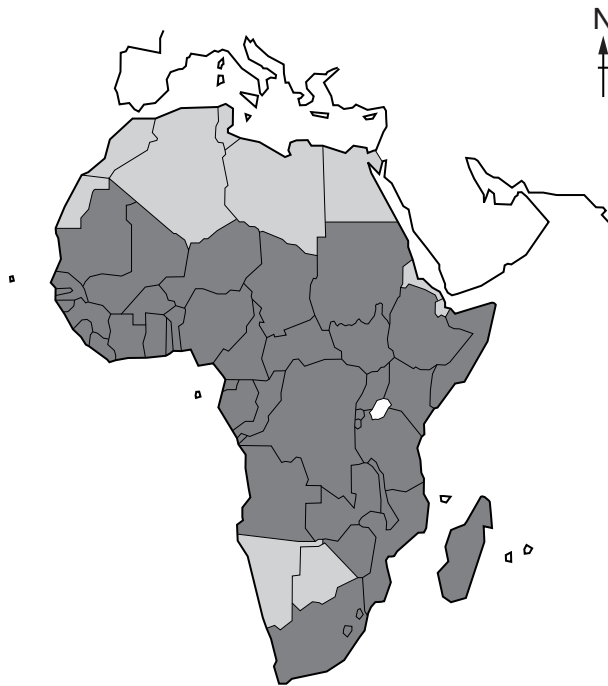
Name **two** other greenhouse gases.

.....
.....[1]



(ii) Explain how greenhouse gases cause the greenhouse effect.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....[3]

6 The map shows the distribution of countries in Africa where bilharzia affects people.



Key

-  many people affected by bilharzia ($\geq 10\%$)
-  few people affected by bilharzia ($< 10\%$)

(a) Describe the distribution of countries shown on the map where bilharzia affects few people.

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.