



GERMAN

0525/43

Paper 4 Writing

May/June 2019

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 50

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

1 Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

2 General Marking Principles**2.1 Crossing out:**

(a)	If a candidate changes his/her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the final attempt is correct.
(b)	If a candidate crosses out an answer <u>to a whole question</u> but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

2.2 For Questions 2 and 3, if the candidate has written an answer in the space provided for that purpose, you should ignore anything written anywhere else, unless:

(a)	there is an indication from the candidate that other material should be considered.
(b)	the candidate has continued their answer outside the space provided.
(c)	there is no answer in the space provided.

2.3 Annotation used in the Mark Scheme:

(a)	tc = 'tout court' and means that on its own the material is not sufficient to score the mark.
(b)	BOD = benefit of the doubt and is used to indicate that the Examiner has considered the answer/that part of the answer and judged it to be more correct than incorrect: the benefit of the doubt is given to the candidate and the mark is awarded.

2.4 No response and '0' marks

There is a NR (No Response) option in **RM Assessor**.

Award NR (No Response):

If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or

If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (e.g. 'can't do' or 'don't know') or

If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark).

Award 0:

If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the candidate copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whether crossed out or not.

2.5 Optional questions: You must mark all questions attempted by the candidate. Where a question has not been attempted then NR must be entered. (For Question 3 only, after marking the question(s) the candidate has answered, NR is populated automatically when you click on 'Complete'.) Where the candidate attempts more than one of the alternatives in Question 3, RM Assessor will automatically only aggregate the candidate's best result.

3 Detailed Mark scheme

Question	Answer	Marks
Question 1	<p>Candidates are required to list 8 items in German. Read all of the items that the candidate has listed and award marks as follows:</p> <p>(i) Select the most correct items up to a maximum of 5. Award 1 mark for each correct item up to a maximum of 5. Stop ticking once 5 items have been rewarded.</p> <p>(ii) On Question 1, award marks for items wherever the candidate has written them.</p> <p>(iii) If the candidate offers more than one word per line, award a mark for each acceptable item.</p> <p>(iv) The pictures provided on the question paper are only suggestions.</p> <p>(v) Mark for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies, provided the message is clear. Ignore any definite / indefinite article, possessive adjective, etc. Ignore any verbs.</p> <p>(vi) If spelling is questionable, start by referring to the detailed mark scheme. Refer to the bullet points below if no decision on the spelling you have encountered is recorded there.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ‘If in doubt, sound it out’: if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like the correct answer? • Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer, e.g. one letter missing but no other word created. • If the first part of the word is correct, small errors in what comes next are less likely to impede communication (unless they suggest another meaning). • Where letters are transposed, the word is likely to communicate (unless another word has been created). <p>(vii) Once marking proper starts, if there are five clearly acceptable items, award marks wherever these are in the list. This approach may allow questionable versions to be ignored.</p> <p>(viii) Refuse all nouns which are repeated and which do not have a separate meaning:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hose, kurze Hose: award one mark to each item • Kleine Hose, blaue Hose: award one mark for the first Hose <p>(ix) Reject misspelt words which suggest a word with a quite different meaning. Where nouns are usually plural, accept the singular and vice versa</p>	

Question	Answer	Marks																																																				
1	<p>Sie sind in der Schule. Was lernen Sie? Machen Sie eine Liste von 8 Möglichkeiten auf Deutsch. <u>The following are examples. Accept any appropriate school subjects which the candidate might choose:</u></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="524 320 1749 1241"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="524 320 831 387">ACCEPT</th> <th data-bbox="831 320 1137 387"></th> <th data-bbox="1137 320 1444 387">REFUSE</th> <th data-bbox="1444 320 1749 387"></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 387 831 520">Biologie</td> <td data-bbox="831 387 1137 520"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 387 1444 520">Deutsch, <i>this is the example so cannot be credited</i></td> <td data-bbox="1444 387 1749 520"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 520 831 587">Englisch</td> <td data-bbox="831 520 1137 587"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 520 1444 587"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 520 1749 587"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 587 831 654">Erdkunde</td> <td data-bbox="831 587 1137 654"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 587 1444 654"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 587 1749 654"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 654 831 721">Informatik</td> <td data-bbox="831 654 1137 721"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 654 1444 721"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 654 1749 721"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 721 831 788">Kunst</td> <td data-bbox="831 721 1137 788"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 721 1444 788"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 721 1749 788"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 788 831 855">Mathe</td> <td data-bbox="831 788 1137 855"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 788 1444 855"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 788 1749 855"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 855 831 922">Musik</td> <td data-bbox="831 855 1137 922"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 855 1444 922"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 855 1749 922"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 922 831 989">Religion</td> <td data-bbox="831 922 1137 989"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 922 1444 989"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 922 1749 989"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 989 831 1056">Sport</td> <td data-bbox="831 989 1137 1056"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 989 1444 1056"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 989 1749 1056"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 1056 831 1123"></td> <td data-bbox="831 1056 1137 1123"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 1056 1444 1123"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 1056 1749 1123"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 1123 831 1190">Chemie</td> <td data-bbox="831 1123 1137 1190"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 1123 1444 1190"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 1123 1749 1190"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="524 1190 831 1241">Physik</td> <td data-bbox="831 1190 1137 1241"></td> <td data-bbox="1137 1190 1444 1241"></td> <td data-bbox="1444 1190 1749 1241"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="315 1278 730 1310">Total for Question 1: 5 marks</p>	ACCEPT		REFUSE		Biologie		Deutsch, <i>this is the example so cannot be credited</i>		Englisch				Erdkunde				Informatik				Kunst				Mathe				Musik				Religion				Sport								Chemie				Physik				5
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Question	Answer	Marks
<p>Question 2</p> <p>Candidates are required to answer the question. Read the whole answer and award marks as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication: award a mark out of 10, according to the instructions in 2.1. • Language: award a mark out of 5, according to the instructions in 2.2. 		
2	<p><i>Sie beschreiben das Wochenende.</i></p> <p><u>2.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication</u></p> <p>(i) Place the appropriate ‘numbered’ tick as close as possible to each relevant communication point in the body of the answer.</p> <p>(ii) Award ticks flexibly across the tasks for each piece of relevant information conveyed, up to a maximum of 10. HOWEVER, each of the tasks must be covered to get the 10 communication marks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>If 1 of the tasks is missing</u>, the maximum communication mark is 9. • <u>If 2 of the tasks are missing</u>, the maximum communication mark is 8 (and so on). <p>(iii) Add up the ticks to give a mark out of 10 for Communication.</p> <p>(iv) For COMMUNICATION, be tolerant of verbs/tenses/spelling (for spelling use ‘rules’ in Question 1: look alike, sound alike, etc.)</p> <p>(v) <u>LISTS</u> = a maximum of 3 marks for communication: lists of 1–3 items = 1 mark; lists of 4 items = 2 marks; lists of 5–6 items = 3 marks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ich <u>habe</u> lange schwarze Haare, blaue Augen und einen kleinen Mund = 1 mark (1 verb = a list of 3) • ich <u>habe</u> lange, schwarze Haare (1), ich <u>bin</u> ganz klein (1), und ich <u>sehe</u> hübsch aus (1) = 3 marks (3 verbs). <p>(vi) Only reward each piece of information once, e.g. ‘mein Haus ist super’ cannot score both as description and reason for liking (‘mein Haus ist super’ and ‘mein Garten ist super’ can both be rewarded).</p> <p>(vii) Do not penalise factual errors.</p> <p>(viii) What the candidate writes may not follow the order of the tasks on the question paper – this is fine.</p>	15

Question	Answer		Marks
2	Tick	Accept	
	✓1	<p>Sagen Sie, wie Sie das Wochenende normalerweise finden</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> for this task, to gain Communication marks, attempts at present tense required (infinitive accepted) <p>REWARD:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> any opinions about the weekend, what it is usually like, why it is good, etc. 	
	✓2	<p>Sagen Sie, was Sie am Wochenende mit Freunden gern machen.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> for this task, to gain Communication marks, attempts at present tense required (infinitive accepted) <p>REWARD:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> any activities done with friends at the weekend details about the activities and reasons for choices/opinions 	
	✓3	<p>Sagen Sie, was Sie am Wochenende zu Hause machen müssen.</p> <p>REWARD:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> any detail about activities the candidate is obliged to do at home, e.g. household/garden chores, projects/decorating, homework, music practice, etc. (including where they are done, how often, opinions about them, reasons for doing them, etc.). No need to insist on use of obligation language (müssen) in this instance, allow Communication ticks for lists of infinitive activities after modal verbs e.g. Ich muss mein Zimmer putzen, im Garten arbeiten und kochen. 	
	✓4	<p>Sagen Sie, was für Pläne Sie für das nächste Wochenende haben und warum.</p> <p>As long as either is given, consider the task to be complete.</p> <p>ACCEPT:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> use of present tense verbs to express future intent reason for choices with or without use of weil use of suitable adjective as a form of reason <p>REWARD:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> any detail about plans for the next weekend reasons given for these choices in this instance, allow Communication ticks for lists of infinitive activities after modal verbs e.g. Ich möchte Tennis spielen, im Restaurant essen und einen Film sehen. 	

Question	Answer	Marks												
2	<p><u>2.2: Award a mark out of 5 for Language</u></p> <p>Award a mark out of 5 for Language*, according to the Grade descriptors in the table below (see <i>Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors</i> (last page of mark scheme)).</p> <p>If answer is completely off topic, e.g. candidate wrote about their holidays, no Language marks can be awarded.</p> <p>If candidate misunderstood the questions but answered broadly within the topic, e.g. wrote about themselves, their own job, likes, dislikes etc., do not award for Communication but do award for Language.</p> <p>Grade descriptors for Language (Question 2)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="409 624 1865 1289"> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="409 624 488 791">5</td> <td data-bbox="488 624 1865 791">Straightforward vocabulary and structure. The style of writing is basic, but reasonably coherent. Use of a limited range of verbs, generally successful. More accuracy than inaccuracy.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="409 791 488 922">4</td> <td data-bbox="488 791 1865 922">Basic vocabulary and structure. Some awareness of verb usage, but inconsistent. The writing is sufficiently accurate for meaning to be conveyed.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="409 922 488 1054">3</td> <td data-bbox="488 922 1865 1054">Very basic vocabulary and structure. Little awareness of verb usage (e.g. infinitives regularly used instead of finite verbs). Despite regular errors, the writing often conveys some meaning.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="409 1054 488 1157">2</td> <td data-bbox="488 1054 1865 1157">A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="409 1157 488 1224">1</td> <td data-bbox="488 1157 1865 1224">Disjointed words or short phrases, one or two of them accurate enough to be comprehensible.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="409 1224 488 1289">0</td> <td data-bbox="488 1224 1865 1289">One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="320 1326 1137 1358">*Consider the whole answer when awarding mark for language</p> <p data-bbox="1476 1326 1966 1422" style="text-align: right;">Total for Communication: 10 marks Total for Language: 5 marks Total for Question 2: 15 marks</p>	5	Straightforward vocabulary and structure. The style of writing is basic, but reasonably coherent. Use of a limited range of verbs, generally successful. More accuracy than inaccuracy.	4	Basic vocabulary and structure. Some awareness of verb usage, but inconsistent. The writing is sufficiently accurate for meaning to be conveyed.	3	Very basic vocabulary and structure. Little awareness of verb usage (e.g. infinitives regularly used instead of finite verbs). Despite regular errors, the writing often conveys some meaning.	2	A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure.	1	Disjointed words or short phrases, one or two of them accurate enough to be comprehensible.	0	One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.	
5	Straightforward vocabulary and structure. The style of writing is basic, but reasonably coherent. Use of a limited range of verbs, generally successful. More accuracy than inaccuracy.													
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2	A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure.													
1	Disjointed words or short phrases, one or two of them accurate enough to be comprehensible.													
0	One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.													

Question	Answer	Marks						
<p>Question 3</p> <p>Candidates answer one question from a choice of three. Read the whole answer and award marks as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication: award a mark out of 10, according to the instructions in 3.1. • Language: award a mark out of 8 for Verbs, according to the instructions in 3.2. award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features, according to the instructions in 3.3. <p>For question-specific guidance, see later in this mark scheme.</p> <p><u>3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication</u></p> <p>(i) There are 5 relevant communication points per question, each worth a maximum of 2 marks.</p> <p>(ii) For each relevant communication point, use the appropriate numbered tick and place up to 2 of these ticks as close as possible to each relevant communication point (in the body of the answer).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="264 794 1973 992"> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="264 794 465 861">2 ticks</td> <td data-bbox="465 794 1973 861">Message clearly communicated.* Minor errors (adjective endings, use of prepositions etc.) are tolerated.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="264 861 465 928">1 tick</td> <td data-bbox="465 861 1973 928">Communication of some meaning is achieved, but the message may be ambiguous or incomplete.**</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="264 928 465 992">0 ticks</td> <td data-bbox="465 928 1973 992">Nothing of worth communicated.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*in the appropriate time frame **irrespective of time frame, attempt at an appropriate verb is made, verb may be incorrect but recognisable</p> <p>(iii) Add up the ticks to give a mark out of 10 for Communication.</p> <p>Please refer to Appendix II for generic guidance on awarding ticks for Communication.</p>			2 ticks	Message clearly communicated.* Minor errors (adjective endings, use of prepositions etc.) are tolerated.	1 tick	Communication of some meaning is achieved, but the message may be ambiguous or incomplete.**	0 ticks	Nothing of worth communicated.
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1 tick	Communication of some meaning is achieved, but the message may be ambiguous or incomplete.**							
0 ticks	Nothing of worth communicated.							

Question	Answer	Marks
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3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs

When awarding ticks for Verbs, please refer back to the question in order to establish which tense is appropriate for the response. **For question-specific guidance, see later in this mark scheme.**

- (i) Place a tick above the **first** occurrence of each correct verb, up to a maximum of 18 ticks (details of how to award ticks are provided below).
- (ii) Place the tick so that it does not obscure any letters.
- (iii) Convert the total number of ticks to a mark out of 8 using the Conversion table below.

Conversion table for accurate use of Verbs (Question 3)

Number of ticks	Mark
18+	8
16,17	7
14,15	6
12,13	5
10,11	4
8,9	3
6,7	2
4,5	1
0,1,2,3	0

Question	Answer	Marks
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How to award ticks for accurate use of Verbs (Question 3):

- **both subject and verb must be correct for the verb to score a tick**
 - **Subject (=subject noun or pronoun including article or possessive) + any finite verb**
 - Disregard adjectives, relative clauses, qualifiers and modifiers when looking at the 'subject'
 - Minor spelling errors in the subject will be tolerated
 - Capitalisation of nouns will be considered under *Other linguistic features*
 - **Ignore inaccuracies in the use of umlauts except where lack/addition of umlaut creates another word e.g. Accept: *wir müssen* (could not mean anything else), but do not accept *ich mochte* where *ich möchte* is required (word means something different).**
- **verb must be in the appropriate tense to score a tick (see session-specific tables on tenses)**

Note: exclude letter etiquette from verb ticks (*Hallo, Wie geht es dir?*) consider under OLF.

Do not award a verb tick where an accurate verb form is used in a sentence that conveys no meaning.

Subject with verb

Tick	No tick	Note
Ich bin (✓)		
Ich spiele (✓)	Ich spielt (<i>no tick</i>)	verb form must be correctly spelt
Der Mann kommt (✓)	Den Mann kommt (<i>no tick</i>)	subject must be correct
Ich bin gegangen (✓)	Ich habe gegangen (<i>no tick</i>)	insist on correct auxiliary

With reflexive verbs

Tick	No tick	Note
Ich wasche mich (✓)	Ich wasche sich (<i>no tick</i>)	insist on correct reflexive pronoun
	Ich wasche mich das Auto (<i>no tick</i>)	'waschen' should not be used reflexively in this statement

Question	Answer		Marks
With separable verbs			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Ich lege ein Foto bei (✓)	Ich beilege ein Foto (no tick)	prefix needs to be separated where appropriate for the verb to score	
Ich lege bei ein Foto (✓)		Prefix does not need to be in the correct syntactic position for the verb to score. Consider word order in OLF.	
Ich habe mitgemacht (✓)	Ich habe gemitmacht (no tick)	prefix needs to be separated where appropriate for the verb to score	
Word order			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Ich bin <u>geflogen</u> gestern. (✓)		Tolerate incorrect word order for compound tenses as long as communication is not impeded, (consider under <i>Other linguistic features</i>)	
Jeden Tag ich fahre mit dem Bus. (✓)		Tolerate wrong word order when main verb is not in position 2 for verb tick.	
Ich habe gesonnt mich (✓)		Tolerate incorrect word order, consider under OLF	
Wenn das Wetter schön ist (✓), wir gehen immer in den Park. (✓)		Tolerate wrong word order in sub-clauses for verb tick. Annotate for extra ling. features.	
Wer bist du (?) (✓)	Wer du bist (?) (no tick)	inversion required with question word	

Question	Answer		Marks
Compound tenses			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Ich habe gekauft (✓)	Ich hat gekauft. (no tick)	auxiliary must be correct	
Wir sind gefahren. (✓)	Wir haben gefahren. (no tick)	auxiliary must be correct	
Ich werde singen. (✓)		future credited as compound tense, so no extra tick for infinitive	
Er würde ein neues Auto kaufen. (✓)		conditional credited, so no extra tick for infinitive	
Wir werden mit dem Bus fahren. (✓)		1 tick for compound tense	
Wir werden fahren mit dem Bus. (✓)		Tolerate incorrect word order for compound tenses as long as communication is not impeded, (consider under <i>Other linguistic features</i>)	
Single auxiliary with multiple past participles			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Wir haben gesungen und getanzt (✓) (✓)		Wir haben gesungen = tick 1; Wir haben getanzt = tick 2	
Verbs with negative			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Sie spielen nicht (✓)		tick is awarded for the correct verb and subject; the negative is considered for reward in 'Other linguistic features', hence credit for the verb is unaffected by any error in position of the negative	
Sie nicht spielen (✓)			

Question	Answer		Marks
Correct verb within meaningless statement			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Der Tag war lang (✓)	Der Tag war klug (<i>no tick</i>)	do not reward a correct verb in a meaningless statement	
Infinitive/Modal constructions			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Ich kann (✓) gut spielen (✓)			
Ich kannst (<i>no tick</i>) gut spielen (✓)		incorrect verb form but correct infinitive	
Ich kann (✓) spielen (✓) gut		Tolerate infinitive in incorrect position, Consider word order in <i>Other linguistic features</i>	
Ich will (✓) spiele (<i>no tick</i>)		incorrect spelling of infinitive	
Er hat versucht (✓) fit zu bleiben (✓)			
Er hat versucht (✓) fit bleiben (<i>no tick</i>)		zu is omitted, hence infinitive cannot be credited	
Ich möchte (✓) zu studieren (<i>no tick</i>)		zu is incorrectly added, hence infinitive cannot be credited	

Question	Answer	Marks
	<p>Reward only the first occurrence of a verb, e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ich mag (✓) Schwimmen. Ich mag (<i>no tick</i>) auch Tennis. • Ich mag (✓) Schwimmen. Ich mag (<i>no tick</i>) Tennis nicht. • Hier gibt es (✓) Berge und Flüsse. Es gibt auch (<i>no tick</i>) ... <p>However,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ich mag (✓) Schwimmen und mein Bruder mag (✓) Tennis – two different persons of the verb • Mein Bruder mag Schwimmen (✓) und meine Schwester mag (<i>no tick</i>) Tennis – both third person usage • Sie ist (✓) unglücklich, es ist (<i>no tick</i>) nicht gut – both third person usage <p>Register Reward Language if incorrect register (<i>du</i>) is used as long as this is consistently done. (But note that incorrect register will be penalised under Other Linguistic Features.) If candidates' register is inconsistent within the context, i.e. if they write an inappropriate mixture of <i>du</i> and <i>Sie</i> within the same context, go with the most frequently used and only tick those for Language (if otherwise correct).</p> <p><u>3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features</u></p> <p>(i) Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features, according to the Grade descriptors in the table below (please see Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors (Appendix I)).</p> <p>(ii) Consider the extent to which the following are used correctly and appropriately when assessing the candidate's control of structures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of capital/lower-case letters in nouns and pronouns • Use of nouns (case agreement and use of determiners) • Use of prepositions, followed by case agreement • Adjectives (including comparatives and superlatives), possessives and demonstratives • Word order (inversion, verb position in relative/subordinate clauses, verb position in compound tenses, word order with direct/indirect objects, word order with separable and reflexive verbs and time/manner/place) • Subordinate clauses (use of <i>wenn, weil, dass, als, seit</i>, etc.) • Negatives (<i>nicht, nie, weder...noch</i>, use of <i>kein</i>) • Linking words and conjunctions other than <i>und/aber</i> • Adverbs and adverbial phrases • Relative clauses, including use of relative pronouns • Object pronouns, direct and indirect • Appropriate use of register/ letter etiquette. 	

Question	Answer	Marks
Grade descriptors for Other linguistic features (Question 3)		
11–12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses a wide range of structures effectively; produces longer, fluent sentences with ease. • Highly accurate at this level, though not necessarily faultless. • Makes effective use of a wide range of vocabulary fully appropriate to the task. 	
9–10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempts a range of structures with a good degree of success. • More complex language usually error-free. • Uses a variety of relevant vocabulary at this level. 	
7–8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In control of simple structures. Varied success with more complex structures. • Accuracy is fairly consistent throughout. Errors may occur when more ambitious language is attempted. • Has sufficient vocabulary to add some interest to the writing. 	
5–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempts more than basic structures. • On balance, the work is more accurate than inaccurate. • Straightforward vocabulary relevant to the task. 	
3–4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reliant on basic structures. • Some examples of correct language. Meaning usually conveyed. • Basic vocabulary. 	
1–2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure. 	
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable. 	
<p>Total for Communication: 10 marks Total for Verbs: 8 marks Total for Other linguistic features: 12 marks</p> <p>Total for Question 3: 30 marks</p>		

Question-specific Guidance for Question 3

Question	Answer	Marks															
3(a)	<p data-bbox="322 248 1883 280">Sie schreiben eine E-Mail an Ihren Freund/an Ihre Freundin, um zu beschreiben was Sie vom Fernsehen denken.</p> <p data-bbox="322 320 1402 352">3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication – see generic guidance above</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="322 384 1832 1289"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="322 384 421 451">Tick</th> <th data-bbox="421 384 1720 451">Accept</th> <th data-bbox="1720 384 1832 451">Mark</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 451 421 619">✓✓1</td> <td data-bbox="421 451 1720 619"> <p data-bbox="434 467 1323 499">Beschreiben Sie, was Sie gestern im Fernsehen gesehen haben</p> <p data-bbox="434 499 1570 603">For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any description/account/extra detail about what the candidate watched yesterday. Accept reasons/opinions given.</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1720 451 1832 619">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 619 421 818">✓✓2</td> <td data-bbox="421 619 1720 818"> <p data-bbox="434 635 1308 667">Sagen Sie, welche Sendungen Sie als Kleinkind sehen durften.</p> <p data-bbox="434 667 1659 802">For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any description/account/extra detail about what the candidate was allowed to watch as a child. Accept reasons/opinions given.</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1720 619 1832 818">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 818 421 1090">✓✓3</td> <td data-bbox="421 818 1720 1090"> <p data-bbox="434 834 1227 866">Erklären Sie, wie oft Kinder fernsehen sollen und warum.</p> <p data-bbox="434 866 1619 1002">As long as either is given, consider the task to be complete. For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense. Allow any reasoning/explanation/opinion on how much children should be allowed to watch. Allow use of adjectives to give reasons (no need to insist on inclusion of <i>weil</i>).</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1720 818 1832 1090">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 1090 421 1289">✓✓4</td> <td data-bbox="421 1090 1720 1289"> <p data-bbox="434 1106 1626 1137">Sagen Sie, ob Sie lieber Sendungen im Internet oder im Fernsehen sehen und warum.</p> <p data-bbox="434 1137 1641 1273">As long as either is given, consider the task to be complete. For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense. Allow any reasoning/explanation/opinion on how the candidate prefers to watch programmes. Allow use of adjectives to give reasons (no need to insist on inclusion of <i>weil</i>)</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1720 1090 1832 1289">2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tick	Accept	Mark	✓✓1	<p data-bbox="434 467 1323 499">Beschreiben Sie, was Sie gestern im Fernsehen gesehen haben</p> <p data-bbox="434 499 1570 603">For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any description/account/extra detail about what the candidate watched yesterday. Accept reasons/opinions given.</p>	2	✓✓2	<p data-bbox="434 635 1308 667">Sagen Sie, welche Sendungen Sie als Kleinkind sehen durften.</p> <p data-bbox="434 667 1659 802">For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any description/account/extra detail about what the candidate was allowed to watch as a child. Accept reasons/opinions given.</p>	2	✓✓3	<p data-bbox="434 834 1227 866">Erklären Sie, wie oft Kinder fernsehen sollen und warum.</p> <p data-bbox="434 866 1619 1002">As long as either is given, consider the task to be complete. For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense. Allow any reasoning/explanation/opinion on how much children should be allowed to watch. Allow use of adjectives to give reasons (no need to insist on inclusion of <i>weil</i>).</p>	2	✓✓4	<p data-bbox="434 1106 1626 1137">Sagen Sie, ob Sie lieber Sendungen im Internet oder im Fernsehen sehen und warum.</p> <p data-bbox="434 1137 1641 1273">As long as either is given, consider the task to be complete. For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense. Allow any reasoning/explanation/opinion on how the candidate prefers to watch programmes. Allow use of adjectives to give reasons (no need to insist on inclusion of <i>weil</i>)</p>	2	30
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Question	Answer		Marks
3(a)	Tick	Accept	Mark
	✓✓5	<p>Beschreiben Sie, wie man im Jahr 2030 Filme sehen wird.</p> <p>For 2 Comm ticks insist on future time frame. Allow any description/explanation as to how the candidate prefers to watch programmes. Accept extra detail/opinion/reasons given. Reward for communication the use of the future tense, e.g. <i>Wir werden in der Zukunft ...+infinitive</i> Allow <i>In der Zukunft sollen + infinitive</i> (ie do not insist on use of <i>werden</i> for future reference). Allow a present tense verb + future time phrase eg <i>In der Zukunft macht man...</i> Allow other appropriate phrases, such as <i>In der Zukunft haben wir vor... zu + infinitive/ planen wir..., etc.</i></p>	2
<u>3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs – see generic guidance above</u>			
Communication point		For Verbs, accept:	
1		For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense	
2		For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense	
3		For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense	
4		For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense	
5		For 2 Comm ticks insist on future tense, Allow a present tense verb + future time phrase	
<u>3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features – see generic guidance above</u>			

Question	Answer	Marks															
3(b)	<p>Sie schreiben einen Artikel für die Schülerzeitung mit dem Titel ‚Einkaufen: früher und heute‘.</p> <p>3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication – see generic guidance above</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="322 352 1834 1222"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="322 352 421 416">Tick</th> <th data-bbox="421 352 1722 416">Accept</th> <th data-bbox="1722 352 1834 416">Mark</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 416 421 619">✓✓1</td> <td data-bbox="421 416 1722 619"> <p>Erklären Sie, wie Ihre Großeltern früher eingekauft haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any description/account/extra detail on how candidate’s grandparents used to do their shopping. Accept explanation/reasons/opinions given.</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1722 416 1834 619">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 619 421 852">✓✓2</td> <td data-bbox="421 619 1722 852"> <p>Erklären Sie, wie Ihre Familie heute Lebensmittel einkauft, und was Sie darüber denken. As long as either is given, consider the task to be complete. For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense. Allow any description/account/extra detail on how the candidate’s family does their shopping today. Allow opinion in the form of description with adjective (No need to insist on inclusion of <i>weil</i>.)</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1722 619 1834 852">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 852 421 1054">✓✓3</td> <td data-bbox="421 852 1722 1054"> <p>Sagen Sie, was Ihre Meinung über Einkaufszentren ist und warum. As long as either is given, consider the task to be complete. For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense. Allow any opinions on shopping centres and reasons/explanations for these opinions. Allow opinion in the form of description with adjective (No need to insist on inclusion of <i>weil</i>.)</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1722 852 1834 1054">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 1054 421 1222">✓✓4</td> <td data-bbox="421 1054 1722 1222"> <p>Erzählen Sie, was Sie sich selbst zuletzt gekauft haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any description/account of what the candidate bought recently. Accept extra details including reasons/opinions.</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1722 1054 1834 1222">2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tick	Accept	Mark	✓✓1	<p>Erklären Sie, wie Ihre Großeltern früher eingekauft haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any description/account/extra detail on how candidate’s grandparents used to do their shopping. Accept explanation/reasons/opinions given.</p>	2	✓✓2	<p>Erklären Sie, wie Ihre Familie heute Lebensmittel einkauft, und was Sie darüber denken. As long as either is given, consider the task to be complete. For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense. Allow any description/account/extra detail on how the candidate’s family does their shopping today. Allow opinion in the form of description with adjective (No need to insist on inclusion of <i>weil</i>.)</p>	2	✓✓3	<p>Sagen Sie, was Ihre Meinung über Einkaufszentren ist und warum. As long as either is given, consider the task to be complete. For 2 Comm ticks insist on present tense. Allow any opinions on shopping centres and reasons/explanations for these opinions. Allow opinion in the form of description with adjective (No need to insist on inclusion of <i>weil</i>.)</p>	2	✓✓4	<p>Erzählen Sie, was Sie sich selbst zuletzt gekauft haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any description/account of what the candidate bought recently. Accept extra details including reasons/opinions.</p>	2	30
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Question	Answer	Marks															
3(c)	<p>Gestern waren Sie mit Ihrer Familie am Strand. Plötzlich haben Sie ein sehr komisches Licht am Himmel gesehen! Schreiben Sie die Geschichte weiter:</p> <p><i>Gestern war ich mit meiner Familie am Strand. Plötzlich habe ich ein sehr komisches Licht am Himmel gesehen!...</i></p> <p>3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication – see generic guidance above</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="322 453 1834 1356"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="322 453 421 520">Tick</th> <th data-bbox="421 453 1722 520">Accept</th> <th data-bbox="1722 453 1834 520">Mark</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 520 421 751">✓✓1</td> <td data-bbox="421 520 1722 751"> <p>Beschreiben Sie Ihre Reaktion, als Sie das komische Licht am Himmel bemerkt haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow description of any reaction the candidate may have had/account of what candidate may have done. Accept reactions in the form of description with adjective, eg <i>Ich hatte Angst</i>. Accept reasons/opinions given.</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1722 520 1834 751">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 751 421 983">✓✓2</td> <td data-bbox="421 751 1722 983"> <p>Erklären Sie, wie andere Leute am Strand reagiert haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow description of any reaction others on the beach may have had/account of what others may have done. Allow <i>wir</i> as subject as well as reference to individuals at the beach. Allow opinion in the form of description with adjective (eg <i>Sie waren sehr aufgeregt</i>). Accept reasons/opinions given.</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1722 751 1834 983">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 983 421 1155">✓✓3</td> <td data-bbox="421 983 1722 1155"> <p>Erzählen Sie, wie Sie versucht haben, herauszufinden, woher das Licht kam. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any account/description/explanation of what the candidate did. Accept reasons/extra detail.</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1722 983 1834 1155">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 1155 421 1356">✓✓4</td> <td data-bbox="421 1155 1722 1356"> <p>Erzählen Sie, wie Sie den Rest des Tages verbracht haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any account/description /explanation of how the candidate spent the rest of the day. Accept reasons given/extra detail. Accept references to others, eg allow use of <i>wir</i>...</p> </td> <td data-bbox="1722 1155 1834 1356">2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tick	Accept	Mark	✓✓1	<p>Beschreiben Sie Ihre Reaktion, als Sie das komische Licht am Himmel bemerkt haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow description of any reaction the candidate may have had/account of what candidate may have done. Accept reactions in the form of description with adjective, eg <i>Ich hatte Angst</i>. Accept reasons/opinions given.</p>	2	✓✓2	<p>Erklären Sie, wie andere Leute am Strand reagiert haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow description of any reaction others on the beach may have had/account of what others may have done. Allow <i>wir</i> as subject as well as reference to individuals at the beach. Allow opinion in the form of description with adjective (eg <i>Sie waren sehr aufgeregt</i>). Accept reasons/opinions given.</p>	2	✓✓3	<p>Erzählen Sie, wie Sie versucht haben, herauszufinden, woher das Licht kam. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any account/description/explanation of what the candidate did. Accept reasons/extra detail.</p>	2	✓✓4	<p>Erzählen Sie, wie Sie den Rest des Tages verbracht haben. For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense. Allow any account/description /explanation of how the candidate spent the rest of the day. Accept reasons given/extra detail. Accept references to others, eg allow use of <i>wir</i>...</p>	2	30
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Question	Answer		Marks
3(c)	Tick	Accept	Mark
	✓✓5	<p>Beschreiben Sie genau, was Sie auf dem nächsten Familien Ausflug machen möchten. For 2 Comm ticks Insist on future time frame. Allow any description/explanation as to how the candidate's family will spend their next outing. Accept extra detail/opinion/reasons given. Reward for communication the use of the future tense, e.g. <i>Ich werde nächsten Sommer ... +infinitive</i> Allow <i>Nächsten Sommer möchte ich + infinitive</i> (i.e. do not insist on use of <i>werden</i> for future reference). Allow a present tense verb + future time phrase e.g. <i>Nächsten Sommer +present tense verb</i> Allow other appropriate phrases, such as <i>Nächsten Sommer habe ich vor... zu + infinitive/Nächsten Sommer plane ich..., etc.</i></p>	2
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4		For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense	
5		For 2 Comm ticks insist on future tense, Allow a present tense verb + future time phrase	
<u>3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features – see generic guidance above</u>			

Appendix I**Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors**

It is important that you award marks positively. In order to ensure that you reward achievement rather than penalise failure or omissions, you should start at the bottom of the mark scheme and work upwards through the descriptors when awarding marks.

You should adopt a ‘best fit’ approach. You must select the set of descriptors provided in the mark scheme that most closely describes the quality of the work being marked. As you work upwards through the mark scheme, you will eventually arrive at a set of descriptors that fits the candidate’s performance. When you reach this point, you should always then check the descriptors in the band above to confirm whether or not there is just enough evidence to award a mark in the higher band.

For example, when marking Question 3 you may find that a candidate uses a variety of relevant vocabulary but has varied success with more complex structures. In such cases, you will need to award a mark that takes into account both the strengths and weaknesses of the piece of work.

To select the most appropriate mark within each set of descriptors, use the following guidance:

- If most of the descriptors fit the piece (and after you have considered the band above), award the top mark in the band.
- If there is just enough evidence (and you had perhaps been considering the band below), award the lowest mark in the band.

Note on irrelevant material

In the case of an answer which is completely irrelevant to the chosen question (3(a) or 3(b) or 3(c)), a mark of 0 is given for Communication and for Language.

In cases where the chosen question was clearly attempted but communication of the set tasks was not achieved (e.g. due to inadequate language control), a score of 0 is given for Communication. Language marks (for Verbs and Other Linguistic Features) are based on any phrases that do communicate meaning.

Irrelevant material that has been included in an otherwise relevant answer does not score for Communication or for Verbs. Communication marks and Verb marks are awarded for the relevant parts of the answer only. The mark for Other Linguistic Features is based on the whole answer.

Appendix II: Generic guidance on awarding ticks for Communication**Example 1:** *Beschreiben Sie, was Sie mit Ihrer Familie gemacht haben.*

Candidate's response	Ticks for Communication	Reason for mark
<i>Ja ich mit meiner Familie gemacht.</i>	0	Nothing of worth communicated.
<i>Wir bin einen Ausflug in die Berge gemacht.</i>	1	Some meaning conveyed – use of 'bin' makes message ambiguous (Is it <i>wir</i> or <i>ich</i> ?).
<i>Wir haben einen Ausflug in die Berge.</i>	0	Message not communicated. Attempt has been made at appropriate time frame but no attempt at appropriate verb
<i>Wir haben einen Ausflug in die Berge gemacht.</i>	1	Appropriate choice of verb, verb recognisable in its form but incorrect (still communicates some meaning)
<i>Wir habe einen Ausflug in die Berge gemacht.</i>	1	Appropriate choice of verb, verb recognisable in its form but incorrect (still communicates some meaning)
<i>Wir habe einen Ausflug in die Berge gemacht.</i>	1	Appropriate choice of verb, verb recognisable in its form but incorrect (still communicates some meaning)
<i>Wir einen Ausflug in die Berge gemacht.</i>	1	Appropriate choice of verb, verb recognisable in its form but incorrect (still communicates some meaning)
<i>Wir einen Ausflug in die Berge gemacht.</i>	1	Appropriate choice of verb, verb recognisable in its form but incorrect (still communicates some meaning)
<i>Wir habe ein neues Auto.</i>	1	Appropriate choice of verb, verb recognisable in its form but incorrect (still communicates some meaning)
<i>Wir machen einen Ausflug in die Berge.</i>	1	Appropriate choice of verb, verb recognisable in its form but incorrect (in its time frame) (ambiguous but still communicates some meaning)
<i>Ich habe mit meiner Familie einen Ausflug in die Berge gemacht.</i>	2	Message clearly communicated.
<i>Ich habe einen Ausflug in die Berge gemacht.</i>	2	Minor error is tolerated

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Example 2: *Beschreiben Sie einen Tag, an dem Sie viel Sport getrieben haben. Was war besonders schwierig und warum?*

Candidate's response	Ticks for Communication	Reason for mark
<i>Ich viel Sport getrieben haben.</i>	0	nothing of worth communicated.
<i>Das Schwimmen was schwierig.</i>	0	Meaning not conveyed (was doesn't communicate message in German)
<i>Das Schwimmen war für mich besonders schwierig.</i>	1	Some meaning is conveyed but the message is incomplete (no reason is given).
<i>Das Schwimmen war für mich besonders schwierig, weil das Wasser so kalt war.</i>	2	Message clearly communicated.

3 steps to award Communication marks:

- 1 Check against Communication task (table) > Has the task been attempted? (no attempt → no Comm. tick)
- 2 Find the best attempt at the task
- 3 In that task, is the message clear (2 ticks) or ambiguous/(unclear) (1 tick) or absent (0 ticks)? (see table above)

Additional notes on the award of Communication ticks in Question 3 where part of the sentence is incorrect/unclear/ambiguous.

In order for two Communication ticks to be awarded to the message, the **clause** containing the message has to be clear/without ambiguity/in the appropriate time frame.

*Letztes Wochenende im Sportzentrum **haben wir Federball gespielt** und wir haben Sport getrieben.*

***Ich kann** die Bergen bestiegen, freschen Luft atmen und **in der Natur wandern**.*

Although part of each sentence above may be ambiguous/unclear/contain inaccuracy, we can award two Communication ticks each time because the key message is contained in a clause which is clear, accurate, without ambiguity and in the appropriate time frame.