

# Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

LATIN 0480/12

Paper 1 Language May/June 2021

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the answer booklet/paper.

You will need: Answer booklet/paper

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- If you have been given an answer booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on all the work you hand in.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- At the end of the examination, fasten all your work together. Do not use staples, paper clips or glue.

## **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 160.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].



#### Section A

1 Translate the following passage into English. Write your translation on alternate lines.

The Roman leader Aurelian reflects on the difficulties of fighting Zenobia and then tells her his position in a letter.

post haec <u>Aurelianus Palmyram</u> iter fecit ut, ea urbe capta, bellum finiret. legatis conventis, <u>Aurelianus</u>, 'Romani,' inquit, 'me putant bellum modo contra feminam gerere, <u>quasi</u> cum <u>Zenobia</u> sola et suis viribus pugno sed illa <u>conscientia</u> et timore multo peior quam vir est. timet <u>quasi</u> femina, pugnat <u>quasi</u> poenam timet. sed vero credo deos, qui numquam nos relinquant, rem publicam Romanam adiuturos esse.' imperator, cum legatos <u>dimisisset</u>, hanc epistulam ad <u>Zenobiam</u> <u>dictare</u> constituit:

'<u>Aurelianus</u>, omnium terrarum princeps, reginam <u>Zenobiam</u> salutat. <u>iampridem tua sponte</u> facere debuisti id quod epistula mea nunc iubetur. tibi necesse est te dedere tali modo ut ego simul et tibi et tuis militibus parcam. Romanis <u>gemmas</u>, <u>aurum</u>, <u>argentum</u>, equos <u>camelos</u>que trade. sic <u>Palmyram</u> liberam manere patiar.'

Based on Scriptores Historiae Augustae v.2

Aurelianus, Aureliani (m) Aurelian, a Roman Palmyra, Palmyrae (f) Palmyra, a city in Syria quasi as if Zenobia, Zenobiae (f) Zenobia, a Syrian conscientia, conscientiae (f) conscience dimitto, dimittere, dimisi, dimissum I dismiss dicto, dictare, dictavi, dictatum I dictate iampridem for a long time now tua sponte of your own accord gemma, gemmae (f) gem, jewel aurum, auri (n) gold argentum, argenti (n) silver camelus, cameli (m) camel

[110]

## **Section B**

2 Read the following passage and answer the questions in full detail.

Zenobia replies to Aurelian's letter before their sides clash.

hac epistula accepta, <u>Zenobia,</u> quod territa erat, superbius audaciusque	1	
rescripsit quam eius fortuna poscebat:	2	
Zenobia, regina orientis, Aurelianum imperatorem salutat. nemo adhuc praeter te	3	
hoc, quod in epistula rogas, petivit. <u>quidquid</u> in bellis geritur, virtute faciendum est.	4	
me vis me dedere <u>quasi</u> nescias <u>Cleopatram</u> , reginam <u>Aegyptiorum</u> , perire	5	
maluisse quam sine <u>dignitate</u> vivere. brevi tempore copias <u>Persarum</u>	6	
exspectamus, pro nobis sunt <u>Saraceni</u> , pro nobis sunt <u>Armeni</u> . <u>latrones</u>	7	
Syrici exercitum tuum superaverunt. si autem illae copiae quae sperantur venerint,	8	
tum relinques istam <u>superbiam</u> qua nunc imperas, <u>quasi</u> ubique vincens, ut me		
dedam.'	10	
hac lecta, <u>Aurelianus</u> iratus statim toto exercitu summa vi <u>Palmyram</u> oppugnavit.	11	
tandem reginam inimicissimam oppressit. Zenobia, cum ad Persas camelis	12	
fugeret, ab equitibus Romanis capta est atque in <u>Aureliani</u> potestatem	13	
reducta est.	14	

Based on Scriptores Historiae Augustae v.2

Zenobia, Zenobiae (f) Zenobia, a Syrian oriens, orientis (m) the East Aurelianus, Aureliani (m) Aurelian, a Roman quisquis, quisquis, quidquid whoever, whatever quasi as if Cleopatra, Cleopatrae (f) Cleopatra Aegyptius, Aegyptii (m) an Egyptian dignitas, dignitatis (f) dignity Persae, Persarum (m.pl.) Persians Saraceni, Saracenorum (m.pl.) Saracens Armeni, Armeniorum (m.pl.) Armenians latro, latronis (m) bandit, robber Syricus, Syrica, Syricum Syrian superbia, superbiae (f) arrogance Palmyra, Palmyrae (f) Palmyra, a city in Syria camelus, cameli (m) camel

(a)	Line	es 1–2 (hac epistula poscebat):		
	(i)	how did Zenobia feel after receiving Aurelian's letter?	[1]	
	(ii)	in what way did she reply?	[5]	
(b)	Line	e 3 (Zenobia salutat):		
	(i)	what title did Zenobia give herself?	[1]	
	(ii)	with what Latin title did she address Aurelian?	[1]	
(c)		es 3–4 ( <i>nemo petivit</i> ): who, <b>apart from</b> Aurelian, has asked her to do what he dema is letter?	ands [1]	
(d)	Line 4 (quidquid faciendum est): what does Zenobia say here about the conduct of war in general?			
(e)	Lines 5–6 (me vis vivere):			
	(i)	what has Aurelian demanded that she do?	[1]	
	(ii)	what choice did Cleopatra make?	[5]	
(f)	Line	es 6–7 (brevi exspectamus):		
	(i)	what is Zenobia waiting for?	[1]	
	(ii)	when is she expecting it?	[2]	
(g)	Lines 7–8 ( <i>latrones superaverunt</i> ): what effect does she say that the Syrian bandits have had on Aurelian's campaign? [3]			
(h)	Lines 9–10 (tum dedam): what does she say Aurelian will have to do if her hoped-for allies arrive?			
(i)	) Lines 11–12 (hac lecta oppressit):			
	(i)	how did Aurelian react after reading Zenobia's letter?	[1]	
	(ii)	how soon did he take action?	[1]	
	(iii)	describe the actions he took.	[5]	
	(iv)	write down and translate the Latin word which shows how successful he was.	[3]	
(j)	Line	es 12–14 (Zenobia reducta est):		
	(i)	what did Zenobia do following her defeat?	[1]	
	(ii)	what happened to her?	[3]	
(k)	) Choose <b>four</b> of the following Latin words and <b>for each one</b> give an English word derive wholly or partly from the same root:			
	audacius (line 1) rogas (line 4) vivere (line 6) sperantur (line 8) vincens (line 9) summa (line 11) [4]			

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.