

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

SANSKRIT 0499/12

Paper 1 Language May/June 2023

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the answer booklet/paper.

You will need: Answer booklet/paper

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- If you have been given an answer booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on all the work you hand in.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- In Sanskrit passages, underlined words are glossed.
- At the end of the examination, fasten all your work together. Do not use staples, paper clips or glue.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].



Answer all questions.

1 Read the following Sanskrit passage. Do **not** write out a translation. Answer **all** the questions. Your answers should be in English, with Sanskrit names in transliteration.

Pūtanā tries to kill Kṛṣṇa.

एका राष्ट्रमी पूतना नाम आसीत् । असाधुः नृपः कंसः नाम 1 पुतनाम् आगच्छत् ताम् अवदत् च हे पुतने सर्वान् शिश्नन् मम राज्ये 2 । पूतना प्रत्यवदत् तत् मम मुखम् भविष्यति 3 शिशवः मम स्तनात पास्यन्ति तदा ते मम विषेण मृताः 4 कन्यायाः रूपम् कृत्वा सर्वत्र देशे । पतना मन्दर्याः 5 व्यापादयत च । अन्ते मा यशोदाम शिशन 6 कृष्णम पालियेष्यामि इति अवदत च 7 । यदा तु कृष्णः पृतनायाः अददात अचिरेण आनन्देन पूर्णः अभवत् पुनः पुनः अपिबत 9

(Traditional Story)

 $as\bar{a}dhu$ (mfn) evil vi, a (n) poison si, a (m) baby st, a having put on st, a a protects

(a)	What was the name of the king who came to Pūtanā? (line 1)	[1]
(b)	What instruction did the king give to Pūtanā? (lines 2 and 3)	[4]
(c)	Translate 'tat mama sukham bhavişyati'. (line 3)	[5]
(d)	What was the first thing that Pūtanā did in line 5?	[3]
(e)	Translate 'sarvatra deśe agacchat'. (line 5)	[4]
(f)	What did Pūtanā say to Yaśodā? (line 7)	[3]
(g)	Write out in sandhi lines 8 and 9 <i>'yadā tu kṛṣṇaḥ apibat ca'</i> .	[10]
		[Total: 30]

2 Read the following Sanskrit passages. Answer **all** the questions. Your answers should be in English, with Sanskrit names in transliteration.

Droṇa's two calves are in danger.

कस्मिन्	चित्	नगरे	दिग्द्रिः	न्गः	द्रोणः	नाम	अल्पे	गृहे	अवसत्	١
एकदा	गकर्म	मित्रम्	द्रोणाय	वत्मौ	अदद	ात् ।	वत्मौ	ग्रकेन	चौरेण	
दृष्टौ	। तौ व	वत्मौ चं	ोरयिष्या	मि इि	ते चौ	रः अ	नन्तरम्	अचि	न्तयत् ।	1

	dra (mfn) sa (m)	poor calf	caura (m)	thief	
(a)	List the missing	g words (i)-(x) t	o complete the E	English translation of the passage above:	
	In a certain (i)	a poor	(ii) calle	ed Droṇa (iii) in a small (iv)	
	Once a (v)	(vi)	to Droṇa two c	calves. The calves were (vii) by a t	hief.
	The thief (viii)	(ix)	'I shall (x)	those two calves'.	[10]

- (b) Translate into English the following sentences which continue the story above:
 - (i) रात्र्याम् <u>चौरः</u> द्रोणस्य गृहम् अगच्छत् । मार्गे तु सः राष्ठ्यसेन अमिलत् । किम् करोषि इति अपृच्छत् राष्ठ्यसः । [5]
 - (ii) <u>चौरम्य</u> उपायम् श्रुत्वा राक्षमः मुखेन अवदत् । अहम् अपि आगमिष्यामि द्रोणम् अद्य खादिष्यामि च इति । [5]

caura (m) thief

© UCLES 2023 0499/12/M/J/23

5						
(c) Translate into English the following sentences which continue the story:						
_(i) तावु <u>भौ</u> द्रोणस्य गृहमगच्छताम् । तस्य गृहे तु तयो	<u>र्विवाद</u>					
आसीत् ।	[5]					
(ii) मुप्तो द्रोणो विवादस्य शब्देन जागरितोऽभवत् । स	र्गं श्रुत्वा म					
वत्माम्यां महापागच्छत् ॥	[5]					
ubha (mfn)bothjāgarita (mfn)wokenvivāda (m)disputevatsa (m)calfsupta (mfn)asleepapagacchatigoes away						
(adapted from the Pañcatantra	of Viṣṇuśarman)					
	[Total: 30]					
Translate the following sentences into Sanskrit using <i>devanāgarī</i> script. Sandhused.	ni should not be					
One mark will be given for the correct word order in each sentence.						
(a) The elephant walked quickly to the boy. [5]						
(b) The gifts were destroyed by the hands of the monkeys. [5]						
(c) Now the wise teachers will reply. [5]						

[Total: 15]

3

4 Read the following Sanskrit passage. Do not write out a translation. Answer all the questions. Your answers should be in English, with Sanskrit names in transliteration.

Some birds are trapped by a hunter but manage to fly away.

नदीतीरे विशालो वृक्ष आमीत् । वृक्षे <u>कपोता</u> अवमन् । एकदा	1
रुकेन <u>व्याधेन</u> <u>जालम</u> न्नं च वृक्षस्य समीपे <u>विस्तीर्णे</u> । तस्मिन्नेव	2
काले <u>कपोता</u> <u>जाले</u> ऽन्नमपश्यन् । ते तत्रागच्छञ <u>्जालेन</u> <u>बद्</u> धा अभवञ्च ।	3
तेषां तृपाय आसीत् । सर्वे <u>कपोता</u> <u>उदपतञ्जालं</u> गगनेऽनयञ्च ।	4
कपोत्निगेऽवदन्मूषिकनृप इह वने वसति। सोऽस्माञ्जालान्मोक्षयिष्यतीति।	5
<u>कपोता</u> मूषिकनृपस्य गृहमपतन् । मूषिकनृपः <u>कपोत</u> नृपं <u>जाले</u>	6
<u>बद्धं</u> दृष्ट्वा तं <u>जालादमोष्ठ्ययत्</u> । <u>कपोत</u> नृपस्त्ववददन्यान <u>्कपोतान्मोष्ठ्य</u> िति॥	7

[Total: 15]

		(ada	pted from the <i>Hitopade</i>	śa of Nārāyaṇa)	
kapota (m) vyādha (m) jāla (n) vistīrņa (mfn)	pigeon hunter net spread out	baddha (mfn) utpatati asmān mokṣayati	bound flies up us frees, releases		
(a) Where was t	he large tree? (line	e 1)		[2]	
(b) Where did th	(b) Where did the hunter spread out his net? (line 2)				
(c) What else di	d the hunter sprea	d out? (line 2)		[1]	
(d) Translate 'teṣāṃ tūpāya āsīt'. (line 4)				[5]	
(e) (i) Translat	(e) (i) Translate 'kapotanṛpa'. (line 5)				
(ii) What ty	(ii) What type of compound is it?				
(f) To which king did the birds fly for help? (line 5)				[1]	
(g) Where did th	is king live? (line 5	5)		[1]	
(h) What reques	t is made in line 7	?		[2]	

© UCLES 2023 0499/12/M/J/23

BLANK PAGE

© UCLES 2023 0499/12/M/J/23

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2023 0499/12/M/J/23