

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)

0654/23 May/June 2022 45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

- There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do **not** use correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Which characteristic of living things is described?

A excretion

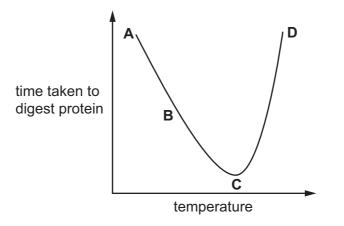
- **B** movement
- **C** reproduction
- **D** respiration
- 2 Which statement about cells is correct?
 - A Cell membranes are found only in animal cells.
 - **B** Cell membranes are found only in plant cells.
 - **C** Cell walls are found only in animal cells.
 - **D** Cell walls are found only in plant cells.
- **3** Large biological molecules are made from smaller molecules joined together.

Which large molecule is correctly matched with its smaller molecule?

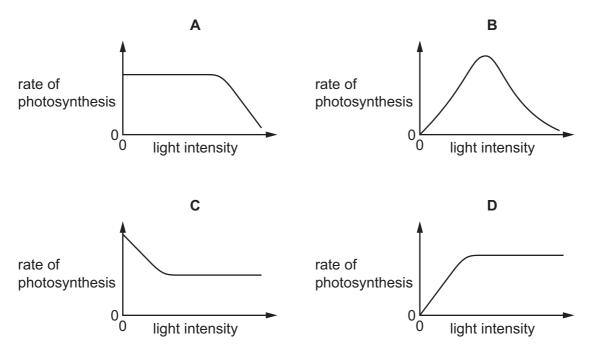
	large molecule	smaller molecule
Α	fat	amino acid
В	glycogen	glucose
С	starch	fatty acid
D	protein	glycerol

4 The graph shows the effect of temperature on the time taken for a protease to digest protein.

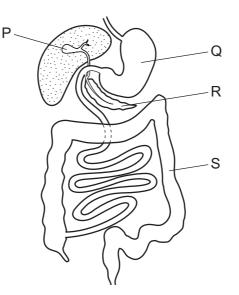
At which point on the graph is the greatest frequency of effective collisions between enzyme and substrate?



5 Which graph shows the effect of light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis, if all other factors are kept constant?



6 The diagram shows part of the digestive system.

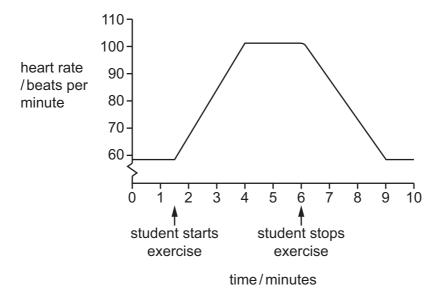


Which labelled parts produce digestive enzymes, absorb water and store bile?

	produce digestive enzymes	absorb water	store bile
Α	Р	Q	R
в	Q	R	Р
С	R	S	Р
D	S	Р	R

7 Students investigate the effect of exercise on heart rate.

The graph shows the results.



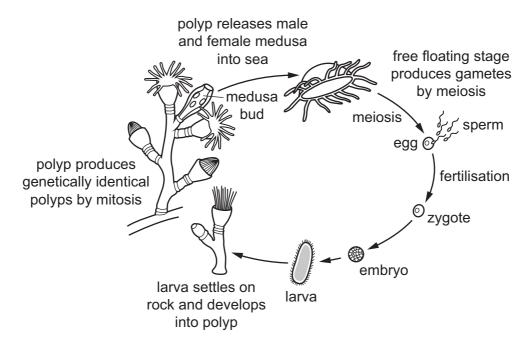
How long does it take for the heart rate to decrease to the resting rate after the student stops exercising?

- A 3 minutes
- **B** 5 minutes
- C 7.5 minutes
- D 9 minutes
- **8** What is the relative concentration of glucose, lactic acid and oxygen in the muscles immediately after extreme exercise?

	glucose	lactic acid	oxygen
Α	high	high	low
в	high	low	high
С	low	high	low
D	low	low	high

- 9 Which statement about temperature control is correct?
 - A Vasoconstriction near the skin surface and shivering will cool the body down.
 - **B** Vasoconstriction near the skin surface and sweating will warm the body up.
 - **C** Vasodilation near the skin surface and shivering will warm the body up.
 - **D** Vasodilation near the skin surface and sweating will cool the body down.

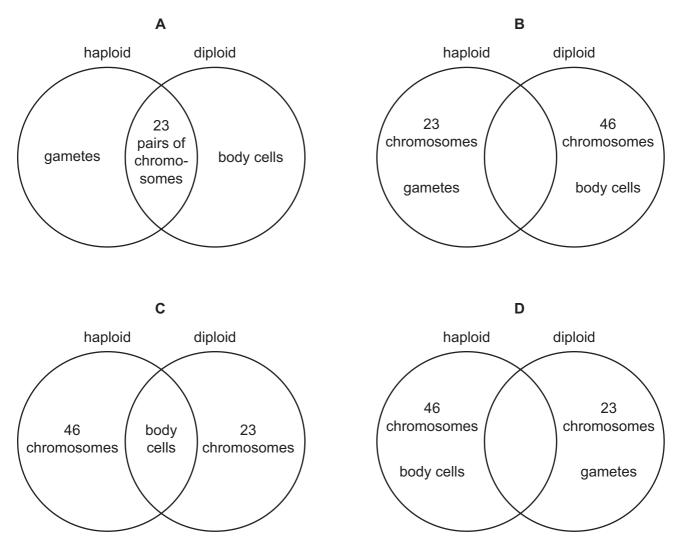
10 The diagram shows the life cycle of a marine organism called a hydrozoan.



Which statements about the life cycle of hydrozoa are correct?

- 1 Hydrozoa reproduce asexually.
- 2 Hydrozoa reproduce sexually.
- 3 Fusion of haploid gametes produces a diploid zygote.
- **A** 1 and 2 only **B** 1 and 3 only **C** 2 and 3 only **D** 1, 2 and 3

11 Which diagram about haploid and diploid cells in humans is correct?



- 12 Which organisms obtain energy directly from every trophic level?
 - A carnivores
 - B decomposers
 - **C** herbivores
 - D producers
- **13** How does deforestation change the concentrations of carbon dioxide and oxygen in the atmosphere?

	carbon dioxide	oxygen
Α	rise	fall
в	rise	rise
С	fall	rise
D	fall	fall

- 14 Information about the solubility in water of some calcium compounds is listed.
 - Calcium hydroxide is soluble.
 - Calcium carbonate is insoluble.
 - Calcium chloride is soluble.

Which method is used to prepare pure calcium chloride?

- **A** Add excess calcium hydroxide to dilute hydrochloric acid, filter, then crystallise.
- **B** Add excess calcium carbonate to dilute hydrochloric acid, filter, then crystallise.
- **C** Add excess dilute hydrochloric acid to calcium hydroxide, filter, then crystallise.
- **D** Add excess dilute hydrochloric acid to calcium carbonate, filter, then crystallise.
- 15 Which process is a chemical change?
 - **A** boiling
 - B dissolving
 - **C** melting
 - **D** neutralisation
- **16** Sodium phosphate, Na₃PO₄, contains sodium ions, Na⁺.

Aluminium sulfate, $Al_2(SO_4)_3$, contains sulfate ions, SO_4^{2-} .

What is the formula of aluminium phosphate?

- **A** $AlPO_4$ **B** $Al(PO_4)_2$ **C** $Al_2(PO_4)_3$ **D** $Al_3(PO_4)_2$
- **17** Aqueous copper(II) sulfate is electrolysed using carbon electrodes.

Which row describes the observations and products at each electrode during this process?

	cathode observation	cathode product	anode observation	anode product
Α	bubbles	hydrogen	anode decreases in size	copper(II) ions
в	bubbles	hydrogen	bubbles	oxygen
С	orange-brown solid	copper	bubbles	oxygen
D	orange-brown solid	copper	anode decreases in size	copper(II) ions

18 Magnesium reacts with chlorine to form magnesium chloride.

 $Mg(s) + Cl_2(g) \rightarrow MgCl_2(s)$

Which statement about this reaction is correct?

- **A** The magnesium is being reduced.
- **B** The oxidising agent is chlorine.
- **C** The reaction involves oxidation but not reduction.
- **D** There is no oxygen involved so there is no oxidation.
- 19 Which substance changes the colour of damp red litmus?

20 A gas is used in welding metals together at high temperatures.

The gas is used to provide an inert atmosphere.

What is the gas?

- A argon
- B carbon dioxide
- **C** fluorine
- D oxygen
- 21 Which row does not link a general physical property to the type of element?

	type of element	general physical property
Α	metal	malleable
в	metal	thermal conductor
С	non-metal	electrical conductor
D	non-metal	low melting point

- 22 Which metal oxide is reduced when heated with magnesium powder?
 - A calcium oxide
 - B copper oxide
 - C magnesium oxide
 - D sodium oxide

23 Zinc is used to galvanise iron.

Which statements about galvanising are correct?

- 1 Iron is more reactive than zinc.
- 2 Zinc oxidises instead of iron.
- 3 Galvanised iron rusts if the zinc coating is scratched.
- 4 Galvanising iron is an example of sacrificial protection.
- **A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 3 **C** 2 and 4 **D** 3 and 4
- 24 Which equation does not represent a reaction that occurs in the Contact process?
 - $\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{2S} + \mathbf{3O}_2 \rightarrow \mathbf{2SO}_3$
 - **B** $2SO_2 + O_2 \rightleftharpoons 2SO_3$
 - $\mathbf{C} \quad \mathsf{H}_2\mathsf{SO}_4 \ + \ \mathsf{SO}_3 \ \rightarrow \ \mathsf{H}_2\mathsf{S}_2\mathsf{O}_7$
 - $\textbf{D} \quad H_2S_2O_7 \ \textbf{+} \ H_2O \ \rightarrow \ 2H_2SO_4$
- 25 Why do farmers add limestone to soil?
 - A It acts as a fertiliser.
 - **B** It adds nitrogen to the soil.
 - **C** It decreases the pH of the soil.
 - **D** It increases the pH of the soil.
- 26 Petroleum is a mixture of hydrocarbons which is separated into fractions by fractional distillation.

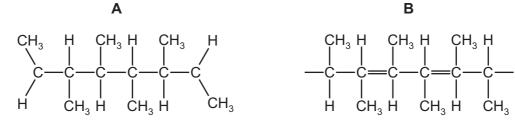
Which statements describe the fraction collected at the bottom of the fractionating column?

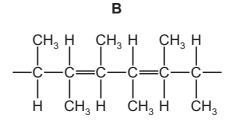
- 1 It contains the smallest molecules.
- 2 It has the weakest forces between molecules.
- 3 It is the most viscous.
- 4 It is the least flammable.
- **A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 3 **C** 2 and 4 **D** 3 and 4

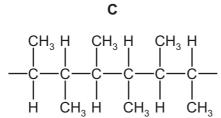
27 The structure of a monomer is shown.

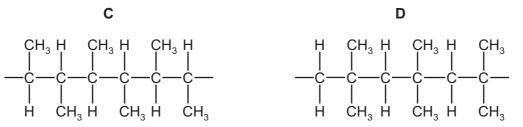
CH₃

Which structure represents the addition polymer formed by this monomer?

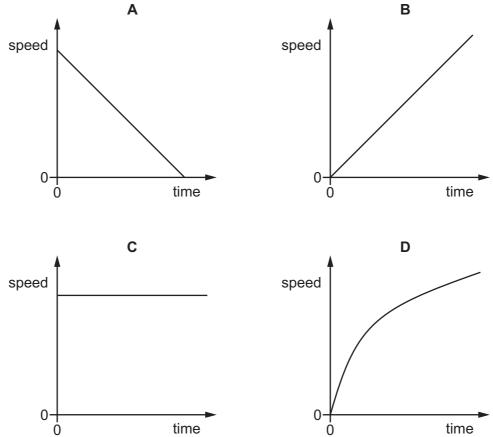








28 Which speed–time graph represents an object travelling at constant speed?



29 A parachutist falls vertically at constant speed.

Which statement about the resultant force on the parachutist is correct?

- **A** The resultant force on the parachutist acts vertically downwards.
- **B** The resultant force on the parachutist acts vertically upwards.
- **C** The resultant force on the parachutist is equal to his weight.
- **D** The resultant force on the parachutist is equal to zero.
- 30 An object moving at speed v has kinetic energy E.

What is the speed of the object when its kinetic energy is 4.0 E?

Α	0.25 <i>v</i>	В	2.0 <i>v</i>	С	4.0 <i>v</i>	D	16 <i>v</i>
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- 31 What is the name of the process by which energy is released in the Sun?
 - **A** background radiation
 - **B** chemical reaction
 - C nuclear fission
 - D nuclear fusion
- 32 What happens to the temperature of a substance as it is melting and as it is boiling?

	melting	boiling
Α	decreases	increases
В	decreases	no change
С	increases	increases
D	no change	no change

33 A loudspeaker produces a sound wave that has a frequency of 3300 Hz. The speed of sound in air is 330 m/s.

What is the wavelength of the sound wave?

A 0.10 m	B 1.0 m	C 11 m	D 1.1×10^{6} m
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34 A lens is used as a magnifying glass to form a magnified image of some writing on a page.

Which statements are correct?

- 1 The lens is a converging lens.
- 2 The writing is closer to the lens than one focal length of the lens.
- 3 The magnified image is a virtual image.

A 1 and 2 only B 1 and 3 only C 2 and 3 only D 1, 2 and	Α	1 and 2 only	В	1 and 3 only	С	2 and 3 only	D	1, 2 and 3
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35 An iron bar XY is brought near to a magnet. Magnetic poles are induced in the iron bar.



What are the magnetic poles induced at X and Y?

	pole at X	pole at Y
Α	Ν	Ν
в	Ν	S
с	S	Ν
D	S	S

36 A battery with an electromotive force (e.m.f.) of 6.0 V is connected to a 30Ω resistor.

How much charge flows through the battery in 5.0 s?

A 1.0C **B** 25C **C** 36C **D** 900C

37 Which row shows how lamps are connected in a lighting circuit in a house and gives an advantage of connecting them in this way?

	how lamps are connected	advantage of connecting them in this way
Α	in parallel	they can be switched separately
в	in parallel	they share the voltage
С	in series	they can be switched separately
D	in series	they share the voltage

38 A transformer increases the voltage from a power station in order to transfer electricity along transmission cables.

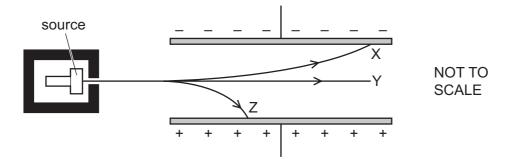
How does increasing the voltage affect the current in the cables and how does it affect the efficiency of energy transfer?

	current	efficiency
Α	decreases	decreases
в	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

39 An atom of beryllium is represented by ${}_{4}^{9}$ Be.

How many neutrons are in the nucleus of this type of beryllium atom?

- **A** 4 **B** 5 **C** 9 **D** 13
- **40** Three different types of ionising radiation X, Y and Z pass between two charged plates.



Which row identifies X, Y and Z?

	Х	Y	Z
Α	alpha	beta	gamma
в	alpha	gamma	beta
С	beta	alpha	gamma
D	beta	gamma	alpha

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	NIII	2	He	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ar	argon 40	36	Кr	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	86	Rn	radon	1		
Group	ΝI				6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	Ŗ	bromine 80	53	Ι	iodine 127	85	At	astatine	1		
	١٨				80	0	oxygen 16	16	S	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	Те	tellurium 128	84	Ро	polonium	116	2	livermorium –
	>				7	z	nitrogen 14	15	٩	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sb	antimony 122	83	Bi	bismuth	607		
	2				9	U	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	50	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead	114	Εl	flerovium -
	Ш				ъ	Ш	boron 11	13	Ρl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium	204		
											30	Zn	zinc 65	48	Cd	cadmium 112	80	Hg	mercury	112	Cn O	copernicium -
											29	Cu	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Au	gold	197	Ra	roentgenium -
											28	ïZ	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	Ţ	platinum	195	Ds	darmstadtium _
					_						27	S	cobalt 59	45	Rh	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium	192 109	Mt	meitnerium
		1	Т	hydrogen 1							26	Ъe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	76	SO	osmium	190	Hs	hassium –
					-						25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ЦС	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium	186 107	Bh	bohrium –
						bol	ass				24	ŗ	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten	184	Sq	seaborgium -
				Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	qN	niobium 93	73	Та	tantalum	181 105	Db	dubnium –
						ato	rela				22	Ħ	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ŧ	hafnium	1/8	Ŗ	rutherfordium —
											21	Sc	scandium 45	39	≻	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids	
	Ш				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	S	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium	13/ 88	Ra	radium –
	_				3	:	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	×	potassium 39	37	Rb	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium	133 87	Б Г	francium -

Lu Iutetium 175 103 Lr Iawrencium Yterbium 173 102 NO nobelium mendelevium 101 Md Er 167 100 100 fm fm HO 165 99 ES Dy dysprosium 163 98 Cf Tb 159 97 97 berkelium Gd 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 Eu ^{europium} 152 95 95 americium Sm 150 94 94 Pu Putonium Pm promethium **Np** Teptunium 92 0 238 238 ⁰⁰ Nd praseodymium 141 91 Pa protactinium 231 P 50 Cenium 140 90 90 HT 1232 La lanthanum 139 AC actinium lanthanoids actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,dm^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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